



Lexical Tools: Introduction

- Command line tools
 - norm
 - Lvg
 - wordInd
- Web GUI
- Pure Java Application
- Embeddable Java API's



Lexical Tools: Introduction

- These tools are good for
 - aggressive text pattern matching
 - making word, term, phrase indexes
 - matching queries with indexed entries
 - increasing recall and/or precision



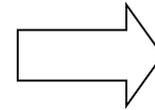
Lexical Tools: Introduction

- Characteristics of all the command line tools
 - take input from the screen or a file
 - put their results to the screen or a file
 - Interpret fielded text
 - Can be told which fields contain what type of information

Lexical Tools: WordInd

Wordind is a tool to break terms into words.

It is used to take a row from a **Metathesaurus** table that contains a term, sentence, paragraph, story, and break the text part of that row into its constituent words.



wordind
is
a
tool
to
break
terms
into
words
it
is
used
to



Lexical Tools: WordInd

- Breaks words into tokens
- Passes other fields to output, untouched
- Lowercases
- Removes white space and punctuation



Lexical Tools: WordInd

Useful command line options for wordInd

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <code>-t[:Num]</code> | Defines what field to tokenize |
| <code>-f[:Num[:Num]]</code> | Defines what fields get passed through |

Lexical Tools: WordInd

> wordInd -t:7 -F:1:6

```
C0185495|ENG|P|L0223844|PF|S0298948|Denis-Browne splint strapping|3|
```

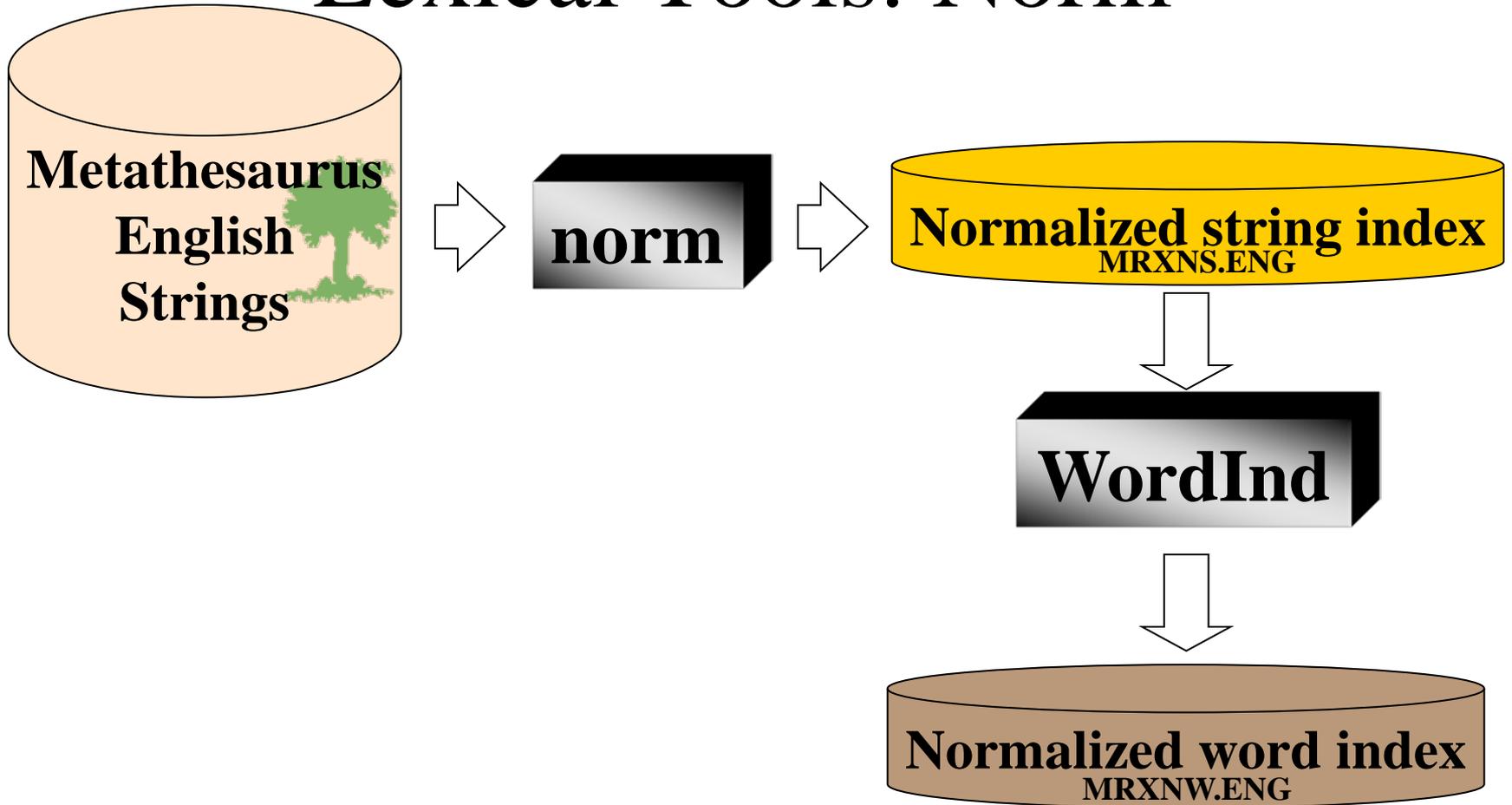
```
C0185495|S0298948|denis
```

```
C0185495|S0298948|browne
```

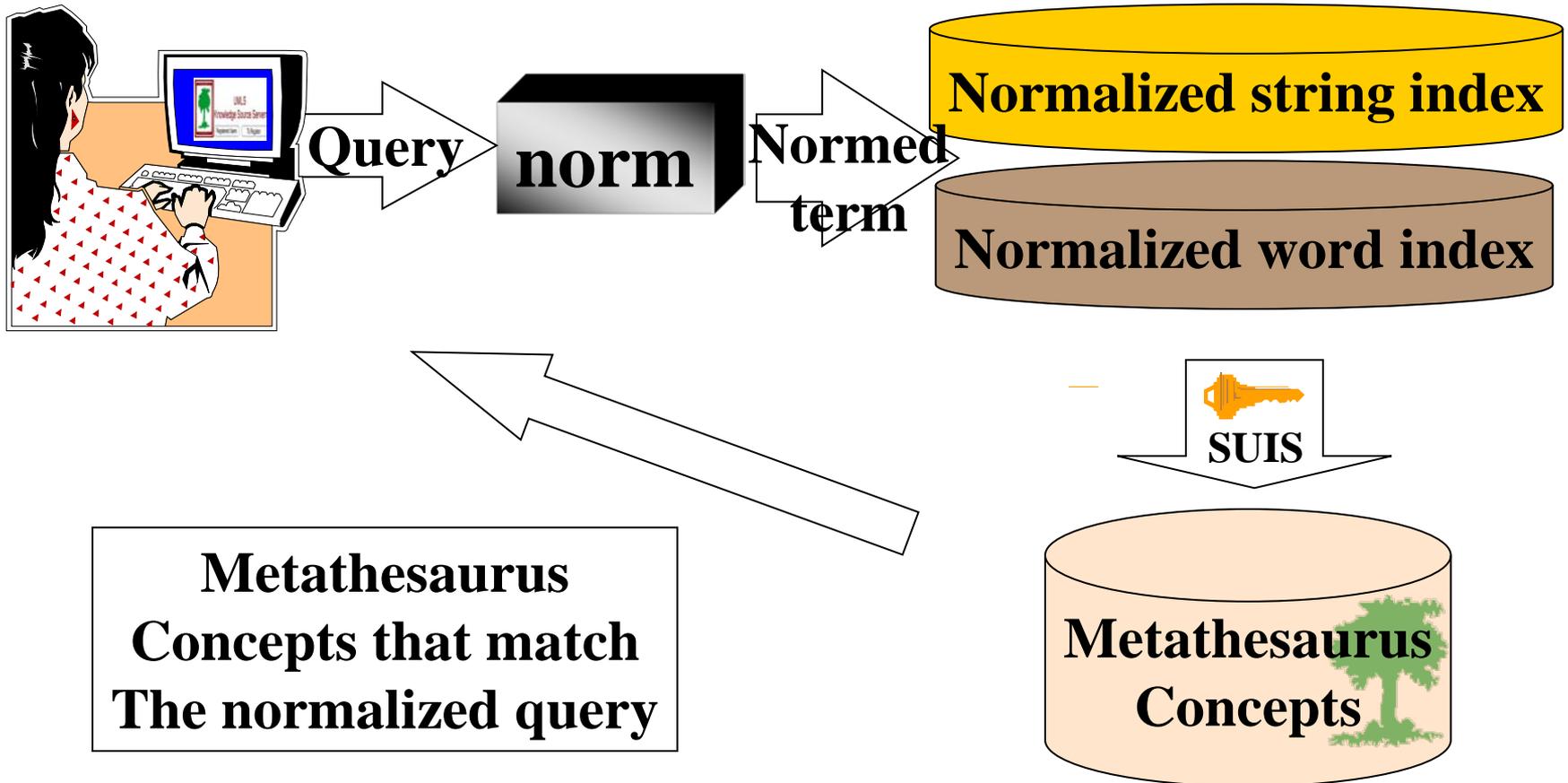
```
C0185495|S0298948|splint
```

```
C0185495|S0298948|strapping
```

Lexical Tools: Norm



Lexical Tools: Norm



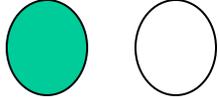


Lexical Tools: Norm

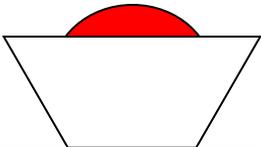
- Norm abstracts away from:
 - case
 - punctuation
 - word order
 - possessive forms
 - inflectional variation



**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**



Lexical Tools: Norm



remove genitives

replace punctuation with spaces

remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

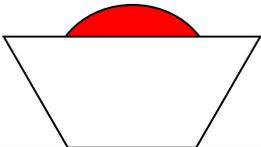
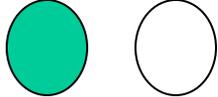
word order sort





**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**

Lexical Tools: Norm



| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Hodgkin'sDiseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases, NOS |

remove genitives 

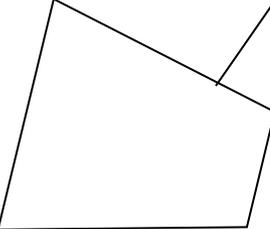
replace punctuation with spaces

remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

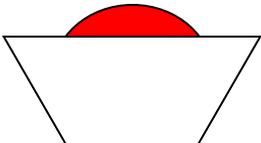
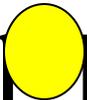
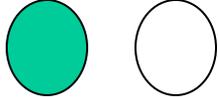
word order sort





**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**

Lexical Tools: Norm



| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Hodgkin'sDiseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases NOS |

remove genitives

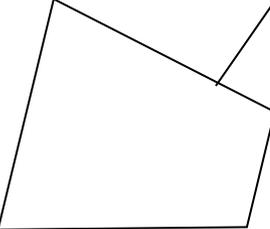
replace punctuation with spaces 

remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

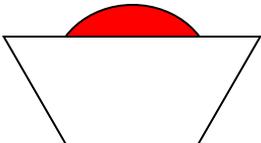
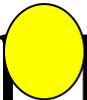
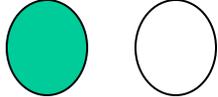
word order sort





**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**

Lexical Tools: Norm



| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Hodgkin'sDiseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases |

remove genitives

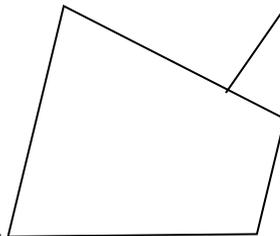
replace punctuation with spaces

remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

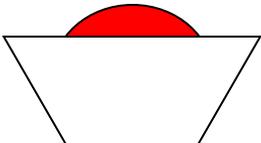
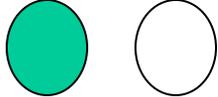
word order sort





**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**

Lexical Tools: Norm



| |
|------------------------------------|
| Hodgkin's Diseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases |
| hodgkin diseases |

remove genitives

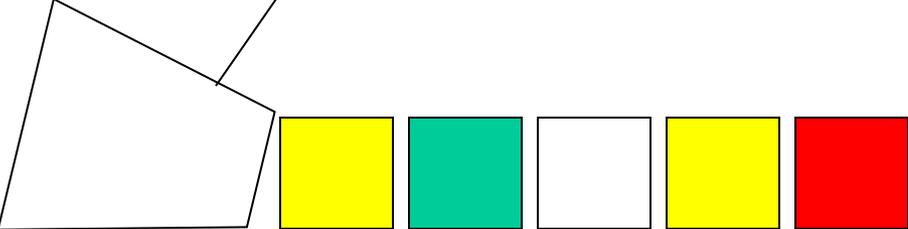
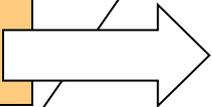
replace punctuation with spaces

remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

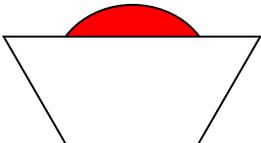
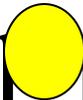
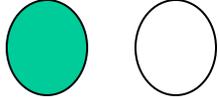
word order sort





**Hodgkin's
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Lexical Tools: Norm



remove genitives

replace punctuation with spaces

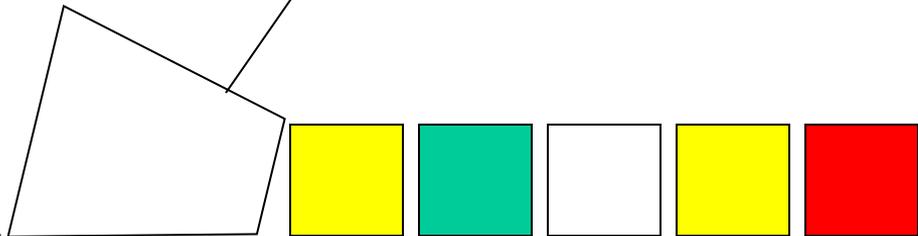
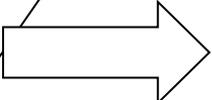
remove stop words

lowercase

uninflect each word

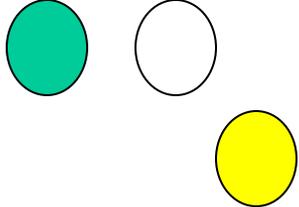
word order sort

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Hodgkin'sDiseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases, NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases NOS |
| Hodgkin Diseases |
| hodgkin diseases |
| hodgkin disease |

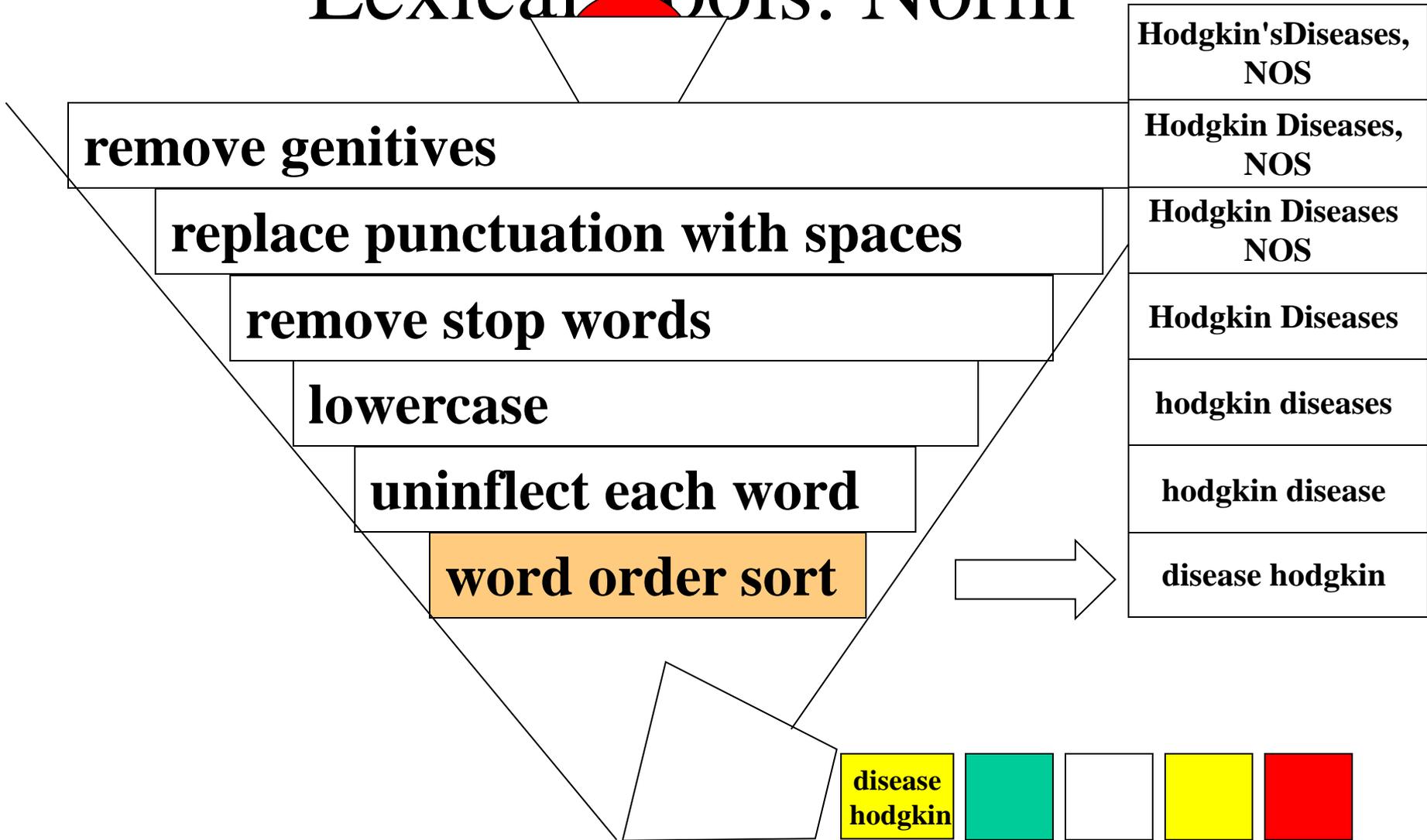




**Hodgkin's
Diseases,
NOS**



Lexical Tools: Norm





Lexical Tools

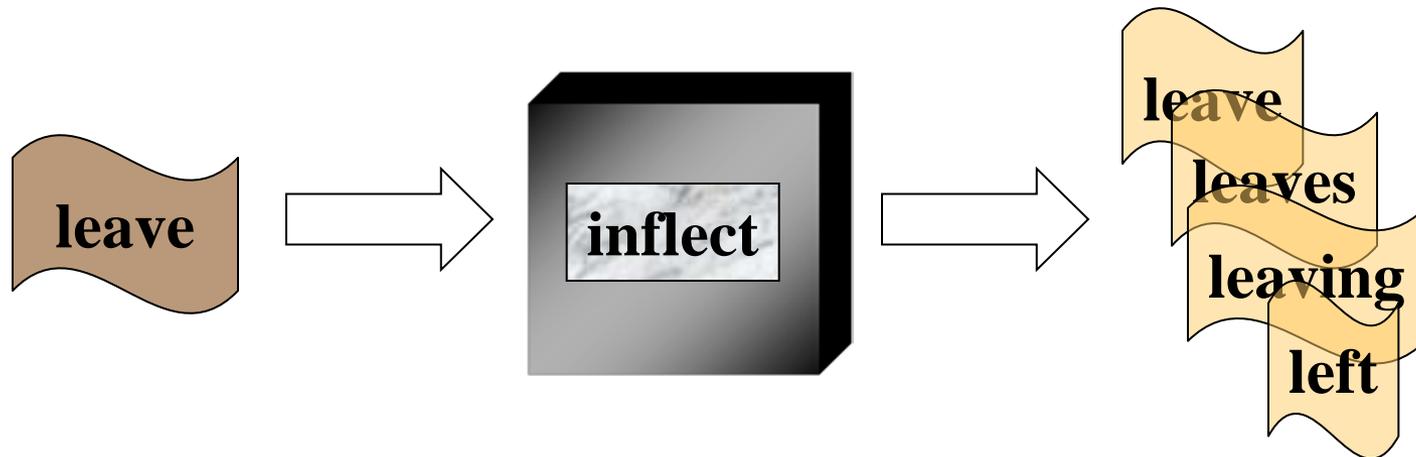


Lexical Tools: Flow Components

| Mnemonic | Tool |
|----------|--|
| A | <u>Return known acronyms</u> |
| a | <u>Return known acronym expansions</u> |
| b | <u>Uninflect a term</u> |
| c | <u>Tokenize a term into "words"</u> |
| Ct | <u>Retrieve the citation term</u> |
| d | <u>Generate derivational variants</u> |
| g | <u>Remove genitive</u> |
| i | <u>Generate inflectional variants</u> |
| L | <u>Retrieve category and inflection for a term</u> |



Lexical Tools: Flows

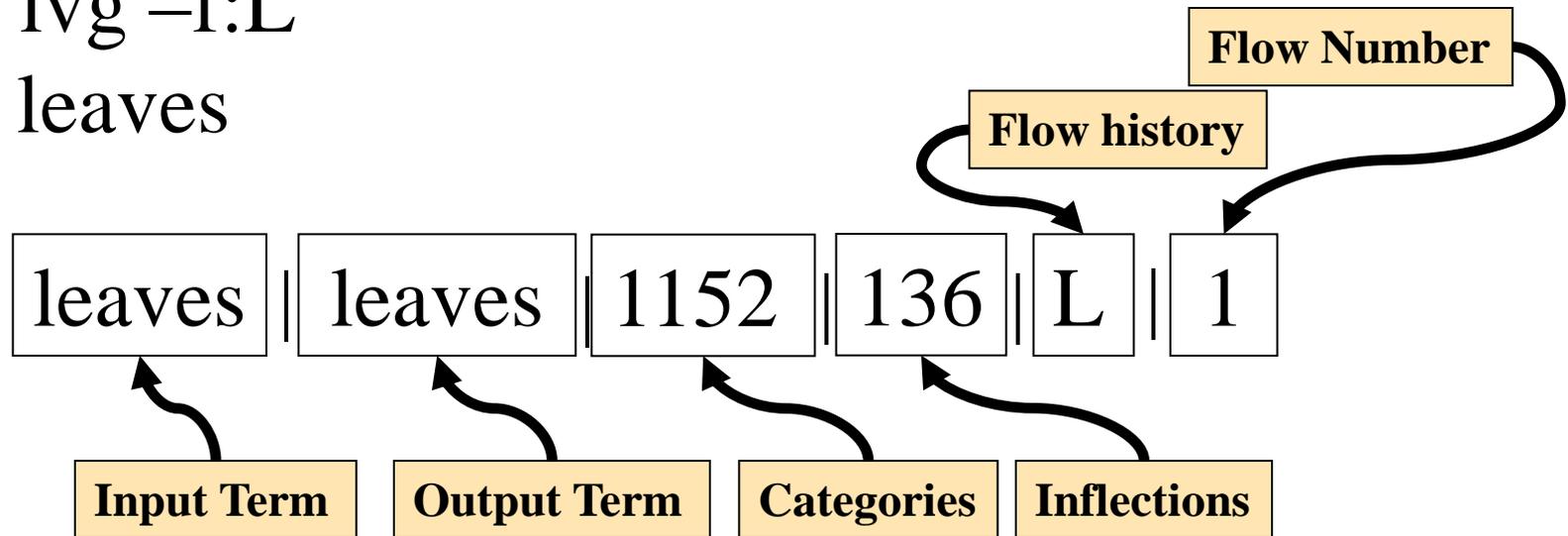


Lexical Tools: Flows

```
> lvg -f:i  
leave  
leave|leave|128|1|i|1|  
leave|leave|128|512|i|1|  
leave|leaves|128|8|i|1|  
leave|left|1024|64|i|1|  
leave|left|1024|32|i|1|  
leave|leave|1024|1|i|1|  
leave|leave|1024|262144|i|1|  
leave|leave|1024|1024|i|1|  
leave|leaves|1024|128|i|1|  
leave|leaving|1024|16|i|1|
```

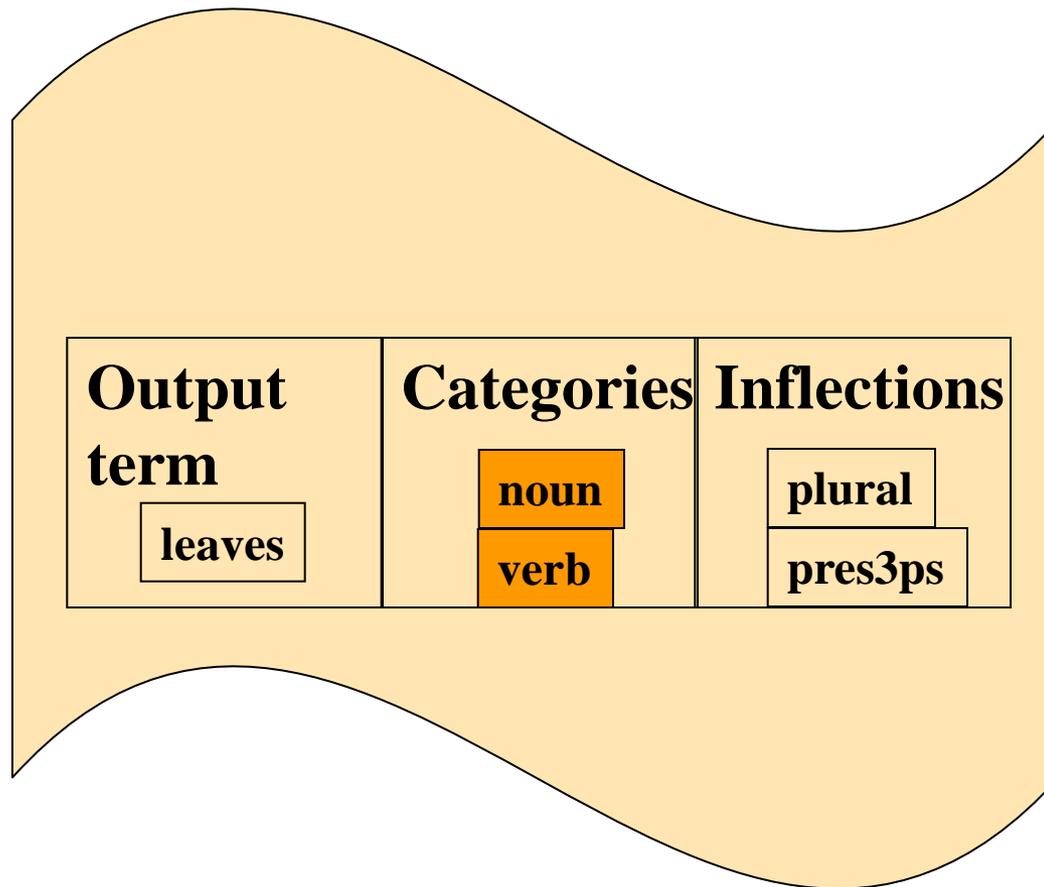
Lexical Tools: Fielded Output

> lvg -f:L
leaves

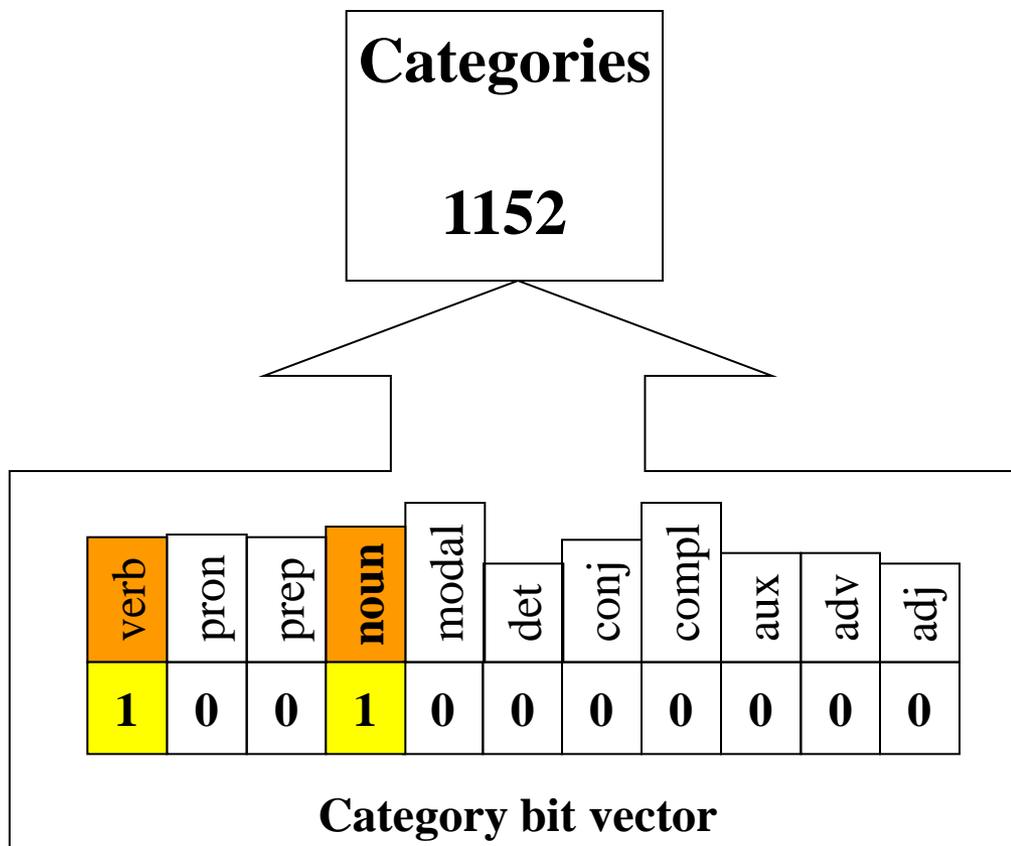




Lexical Tools: Fielded Output



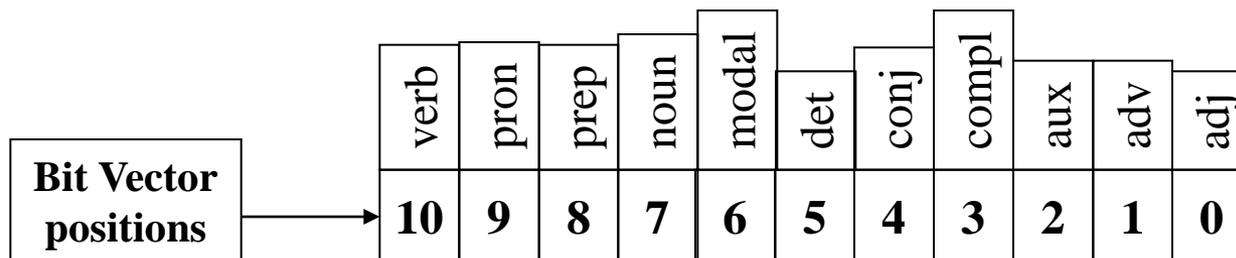
Lexical Tools: Categories



Lexical Tools: Categories

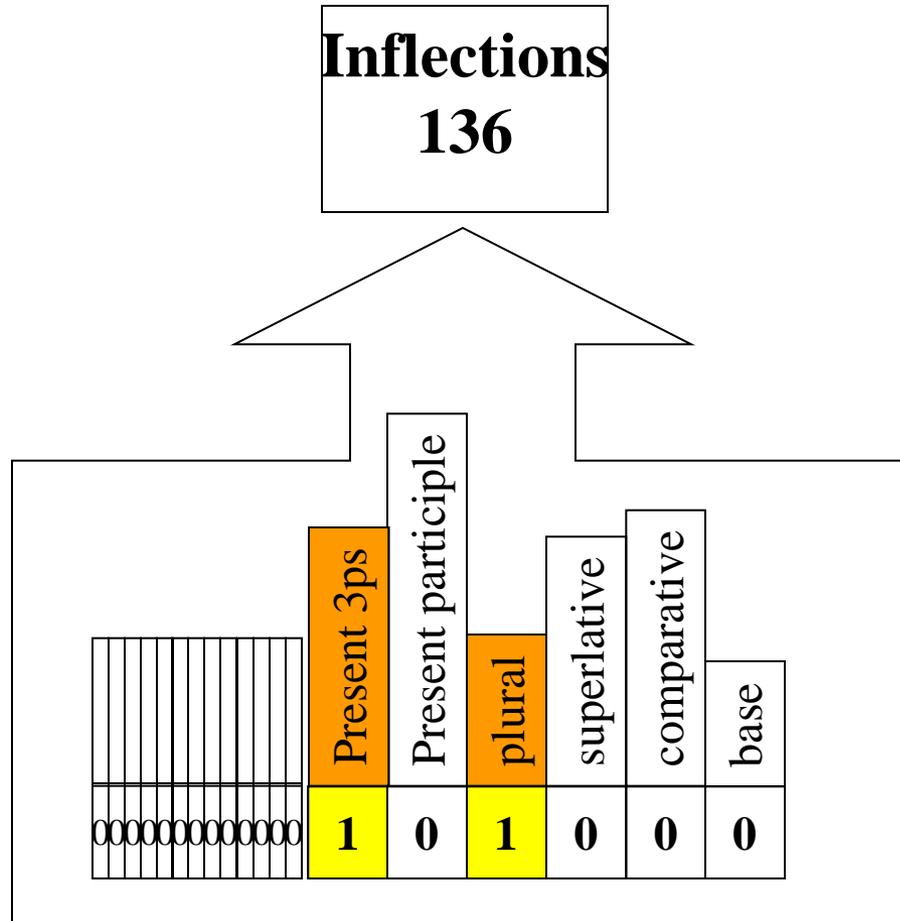
| | |
|-------------|----|
| Adjective | 1 |
| Adverb | 2 |
| Auxiliary | 4 |
| Complement | 8 |
| Conjunction | 16 |
| Determiner | 32 |

| | |
|-------------|------|
| Modal | 64 |
| Noun | 128 |
| Preposition | 256 |
| Pronoun | 512 |
| Verb | 1024 |





Lexical Tools: Inflections



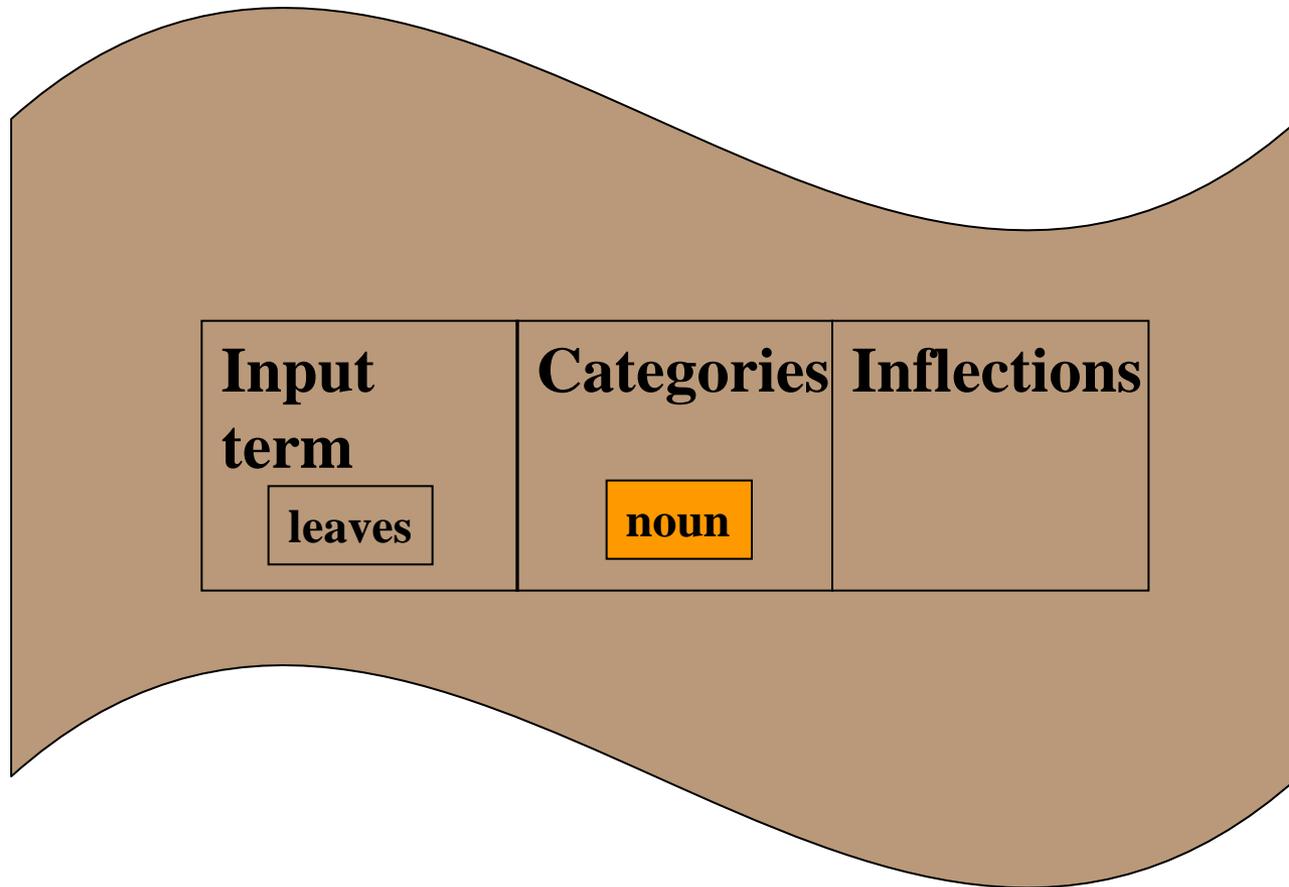


Lexical Tools: Inflections

| | |
|--|-----|
| Base | 1 |
| Comparative | 2 |
| Superlative | 4 |
| Plural | 8 |
| Present Participle | 16 |
| Past | 32 |
| Past Participle | 64 |
| Present 3 rd Person Singular | 128 |

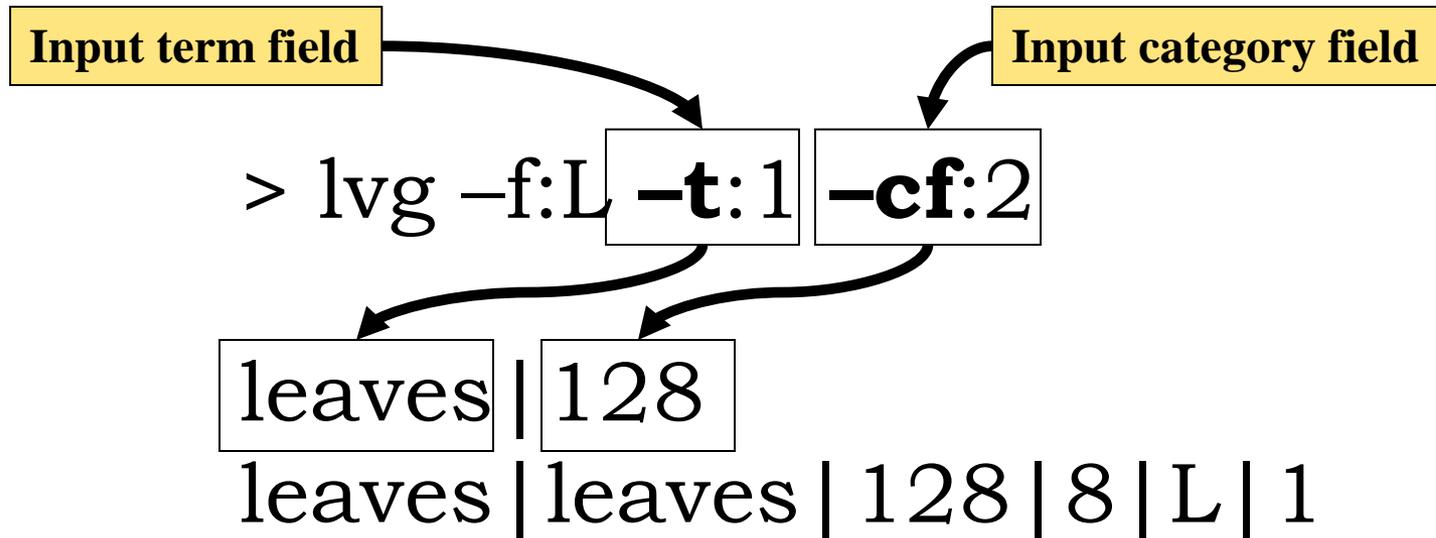


Lexical Tools: Fielded Input

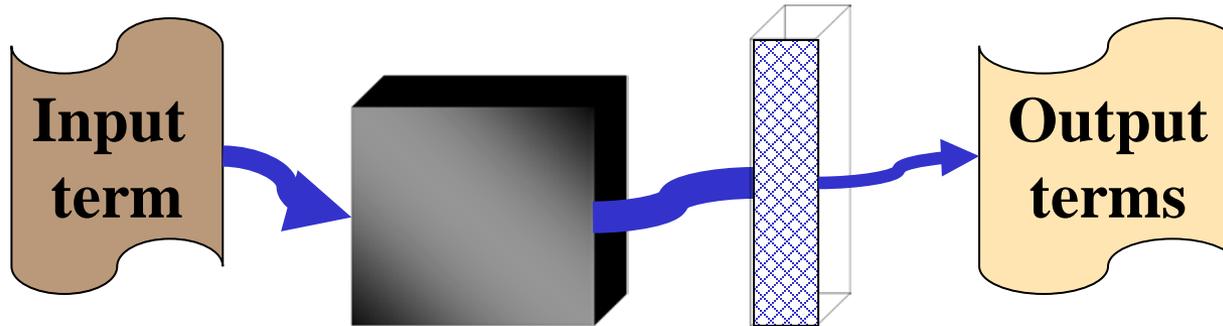




Lexical Tools: Fielded Input



Lexical Tools: Post Flow Options



| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| SC | <u>Show category names</u> |
| SI | <u>Show inflection names</u> |
| ccgi | <u>Mark the end of the set of variants returned</u> |
| <i>F:Int[:Int]</i> | <u>Specify fields for outputs</u> |
| ti | <u>Display the only input term in the output when using fielded input</u> |
| <i>R:Int</i> | <u>Restrict the number of variants returned</u> |



Lexical Tools: Post Flow Options

Show category names

Show inflection names

> lvg -f:L **-SC -SI**

Show the category and
inflection names

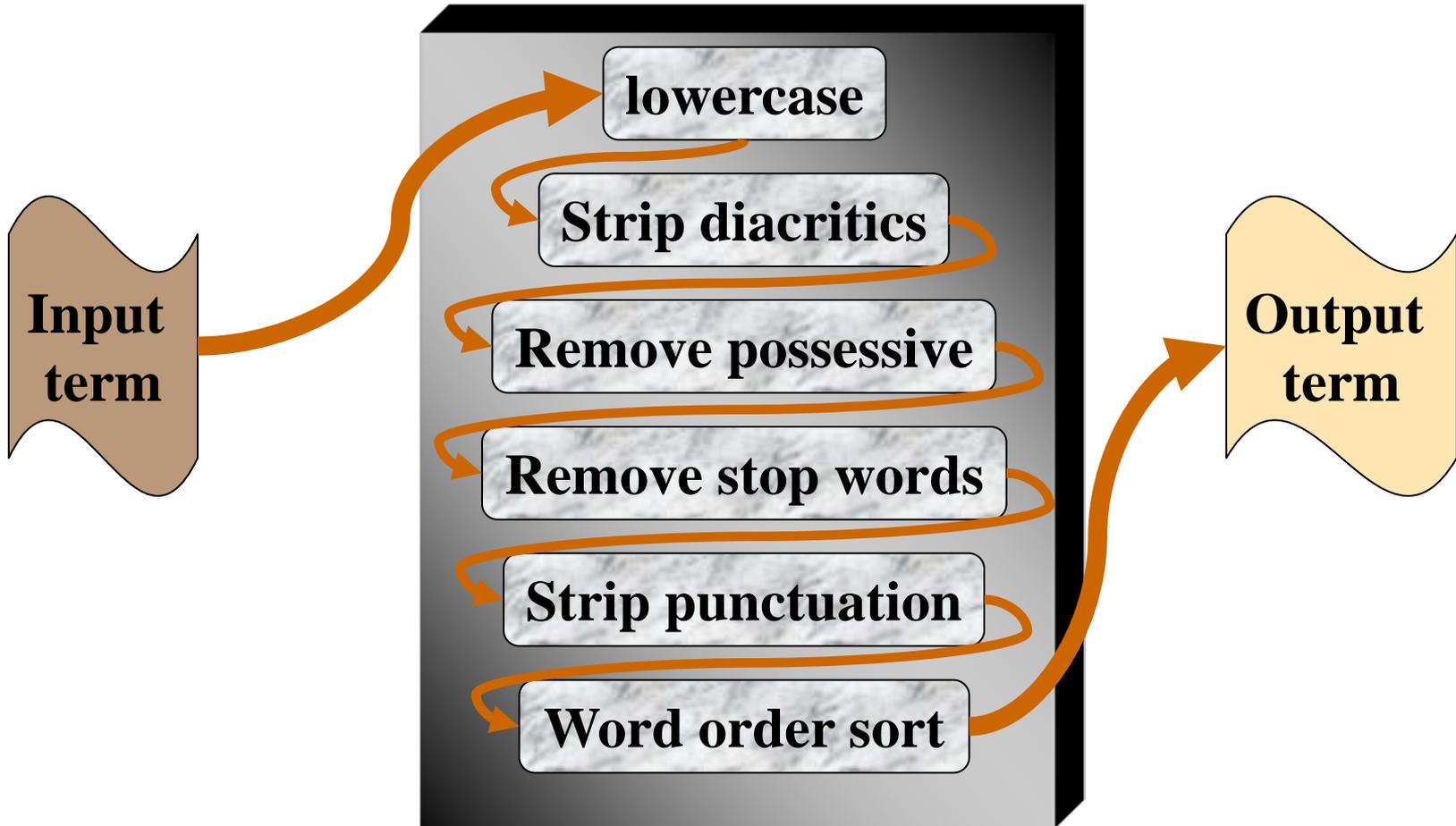
phosphoprotein

phosphoprotein | phosphoprotein | <noun> | <base+singular> | L | 1 |

sclerosing

sclerosing | sclerosing | <adj+verb> | <base+presPart+positive> | L | 1 |

Lexical Tools: A Serial Flow



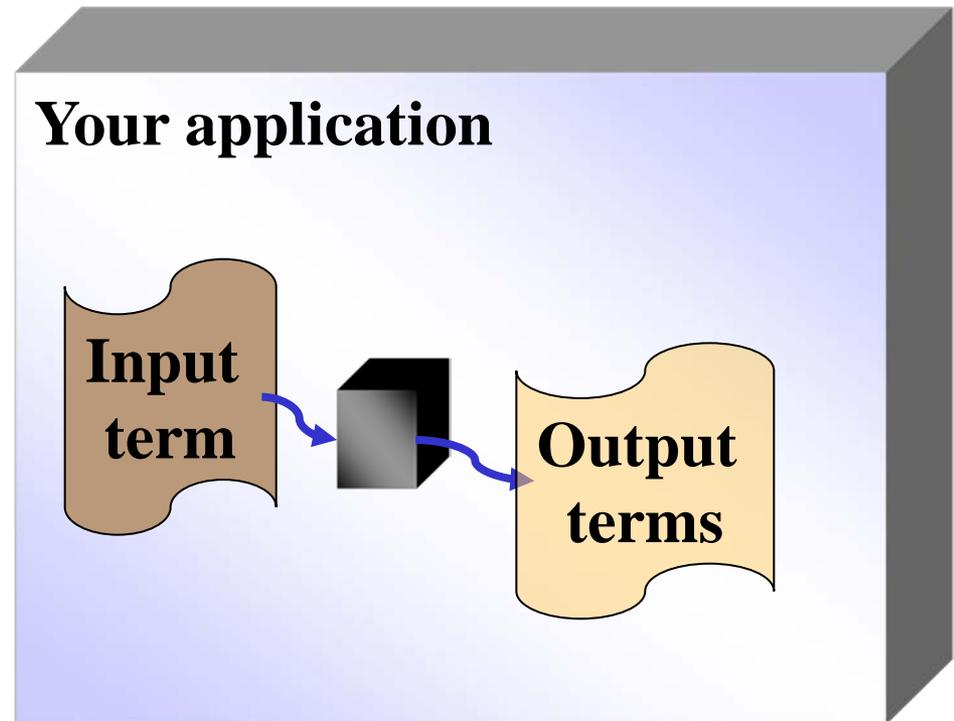
Flow components can be arranged so that the output of one is the input to another.



Lexical Tools:

Embedding These Tools into Your Application

- Classpath
- NormApi()
- LvgCmdApi()





Lexical Tools:

Embedding These Tools into Your Application

```
CLASSPATH = ${CLASSPATH}:  
  ${LVG_DIR}:  
  ${LVG_DIR}/lib/lvg2003dist.jar:
```



Lexical Tools:

Embedding Norm into Your Application

```
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.lvg.Api.*;  
  
NormApi    normalize = new NormApi();  
String     input2Norm = null;  
Vector     outputFromNorm = null;
```



Lexical Tools:

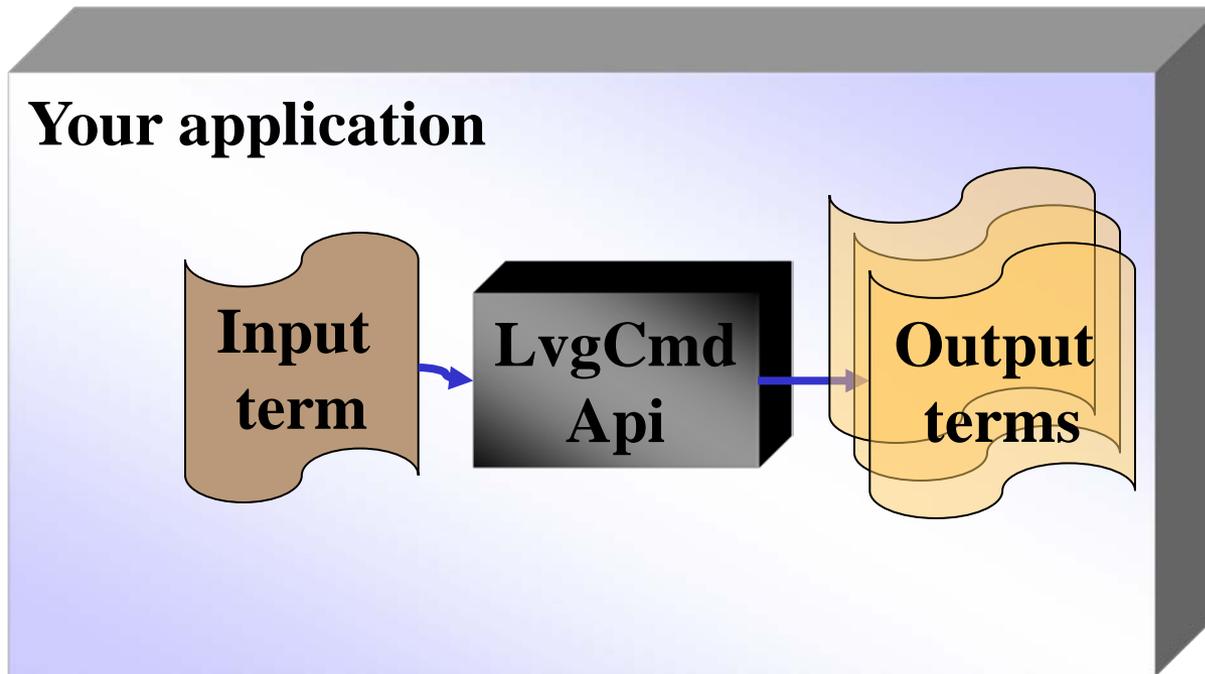
Embedding Norm into Your Application

```
while ( (input2Norm = stdin.readLine() ) != null ) {  
    outputFromNorm= normalize.Mutate(input2Norm);  
    for ( int i = 0; i < outputFromNorm.size(); i++ ) {  
        System.out.println((String) outputFromNorm.get(i));  
    }  
}  
normalize.CleanUp();
```



Lexical Tools:

Embedding Lvg into Your Application





Lexical Tools:

Embedding Lvg into Your Application

```
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.lvg.Api.*;
```

```
LvgCmdApi lvgApi = new LvgCmdApi("-f:b -CR:o -SC -SI");
```

```
String      input2Lvg = null;
```

```
Vector     outputFromLvg = null;
```

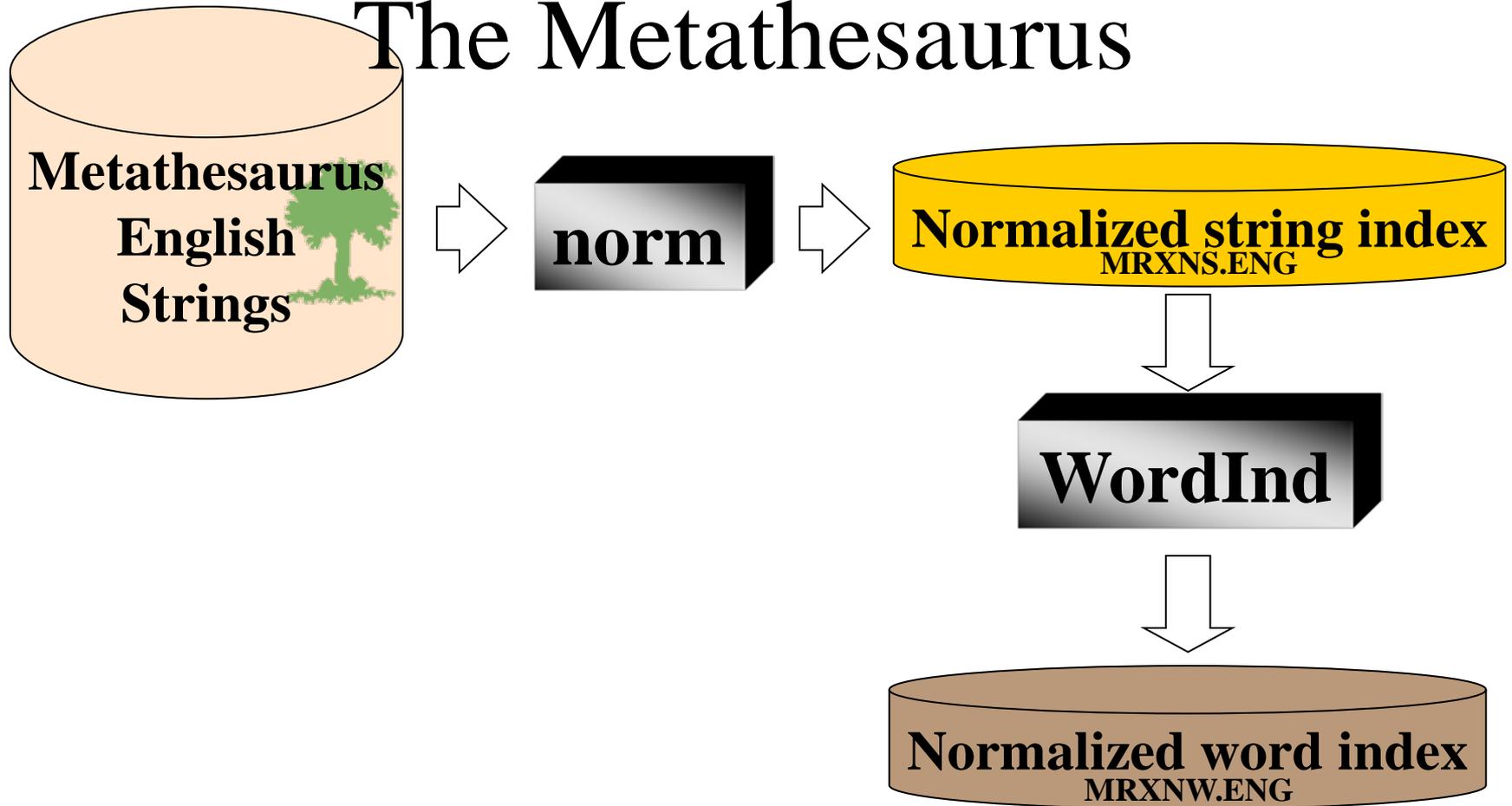


Lexical Tools:

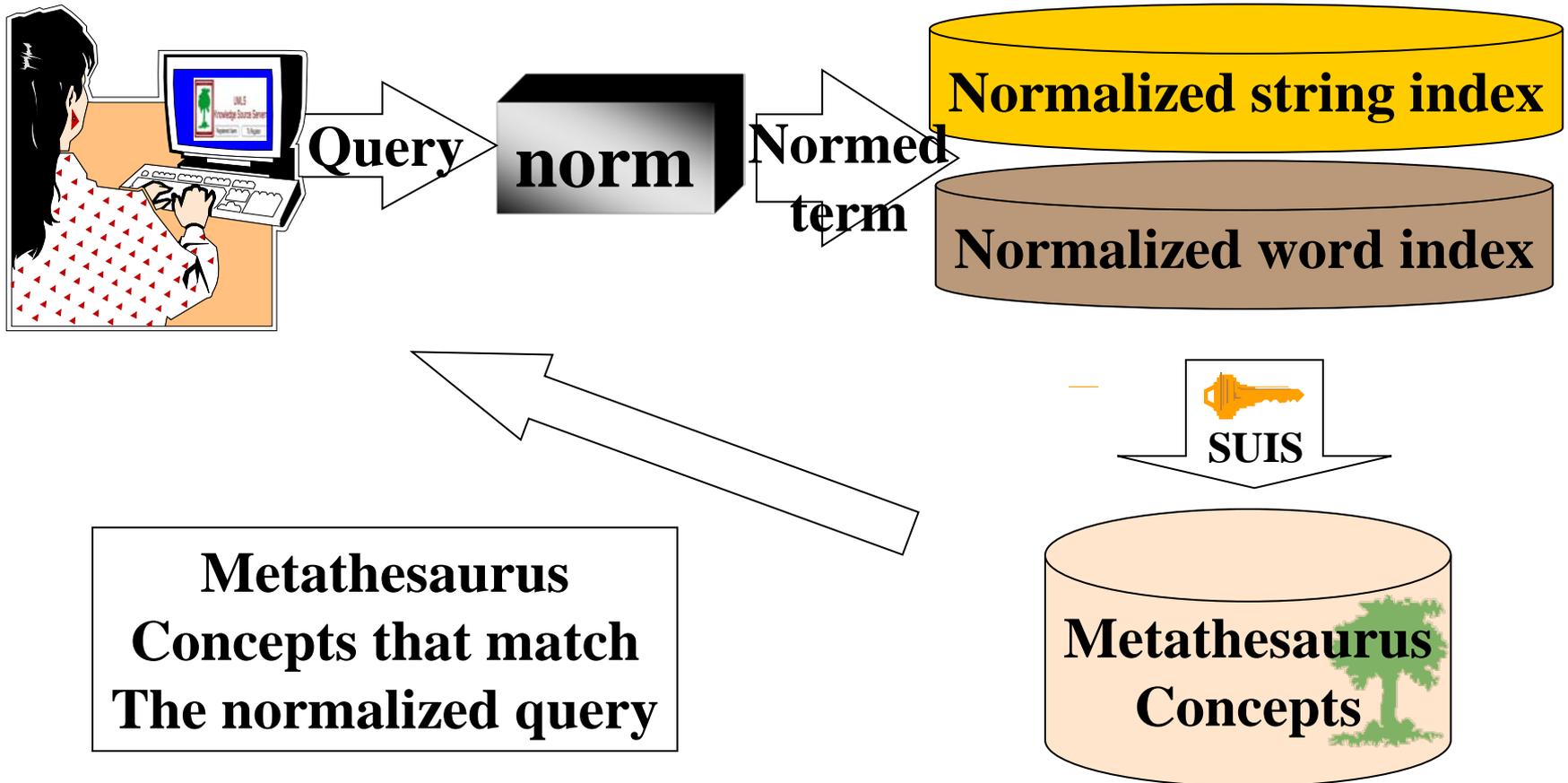
Embedding Lvg into Your Application

```
while ( (input2Lvg = stdIn.readLine() ) != null ) {  
    outputFromLvg= lvgApi.MutateToString(input2Lvg);  
    for ( int i = 0; i < outputFromLvg.size(); i++ ) {  
        System.out.println((String) outputFromLvg.get(i));  
    }  
}  
lvgApi.CleanUp();
```

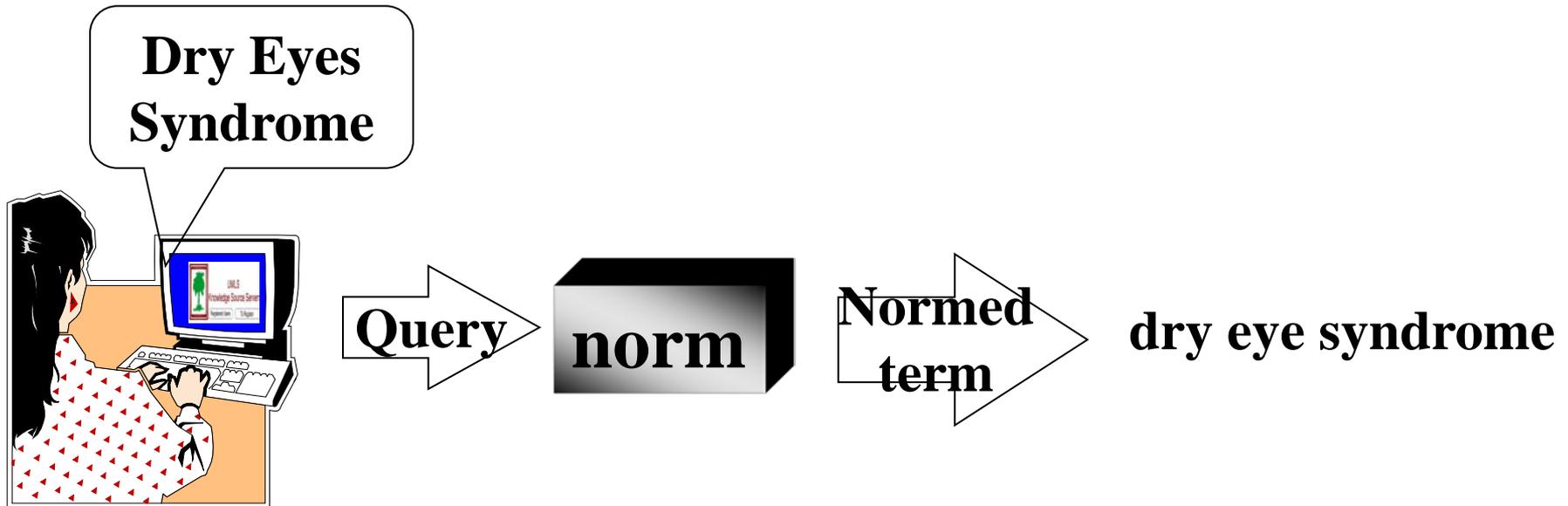
Using The Lexical Tools with The Metathesaurus



Using The Lexical Tools with The Metathesaurus



Using The Lexical Tools with The Metathesaurus



Using The Lexical Tools with The Metathesaurus

**Normed
term**

SUIS

| | | |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0004019 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0035652 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0090228 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0090454 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0220550 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S0368350 |
| ENG | dry eye syndrome | C0013238 L0013238 S1459074 |

Using The Lexical Tools with The Metathesaurus

MRCON



SUIS

| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 PF | S0035652 | Dry Eye Syndromes |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VS | S0004019 | Dry eye syndrome |
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VS | S0368350 | Dry Eye Syndrome |
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VS | S1459074 | dry eye syndrome |
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VWS | S0090228 | Syndrome, Dry Eye |
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VWS | S0220550 | Dry, eye syndrome |
| C0013238 ENG P L0013238 VW | S0090454 | Syndromes, Dry Eye |



Building an Index Using The Lexical Tools

- Can we build a tool that increases precision?

Case

Constrain by part of speech

Filter to the lexicon

- Can we a tool that increases recall?

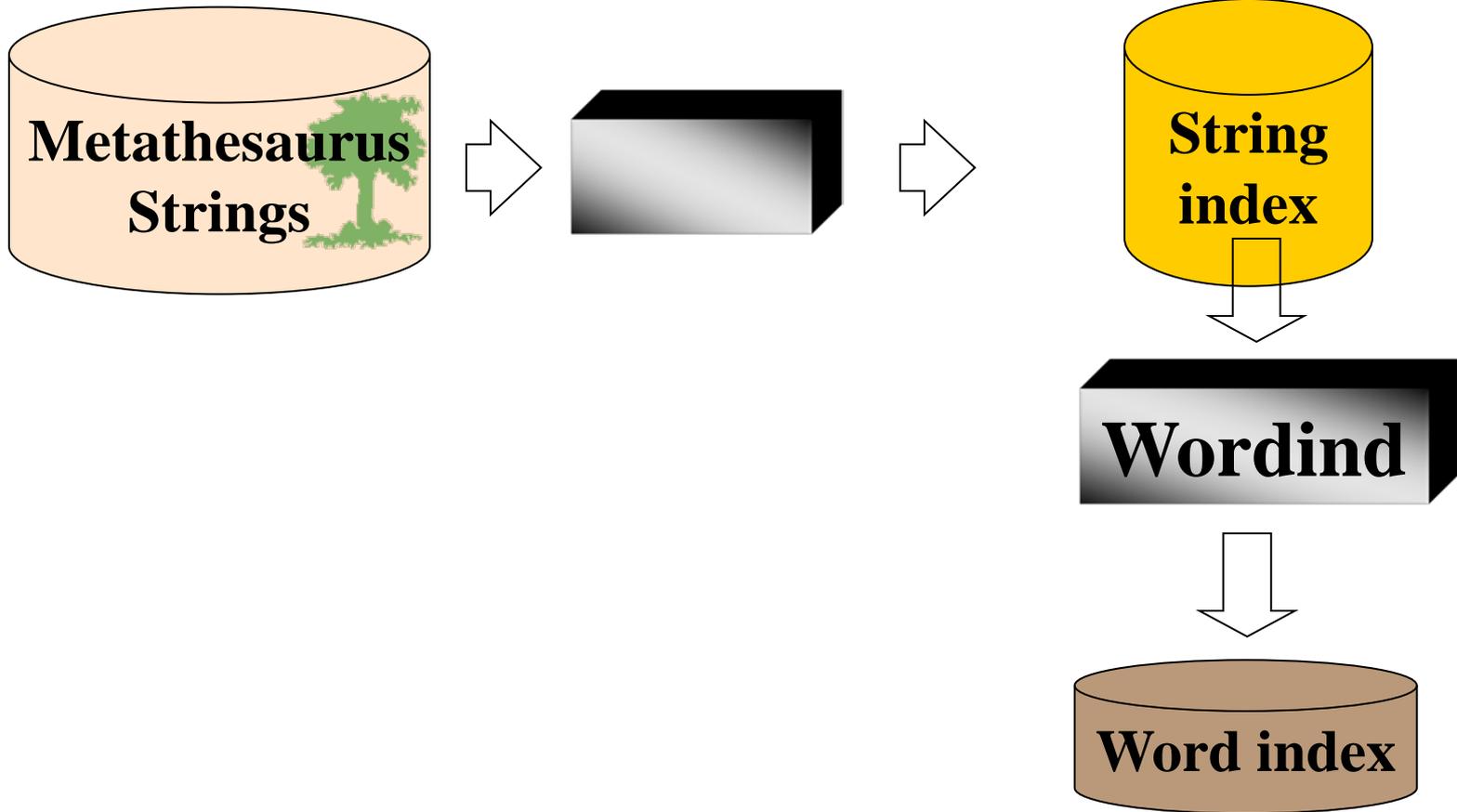
synonyms

derivations

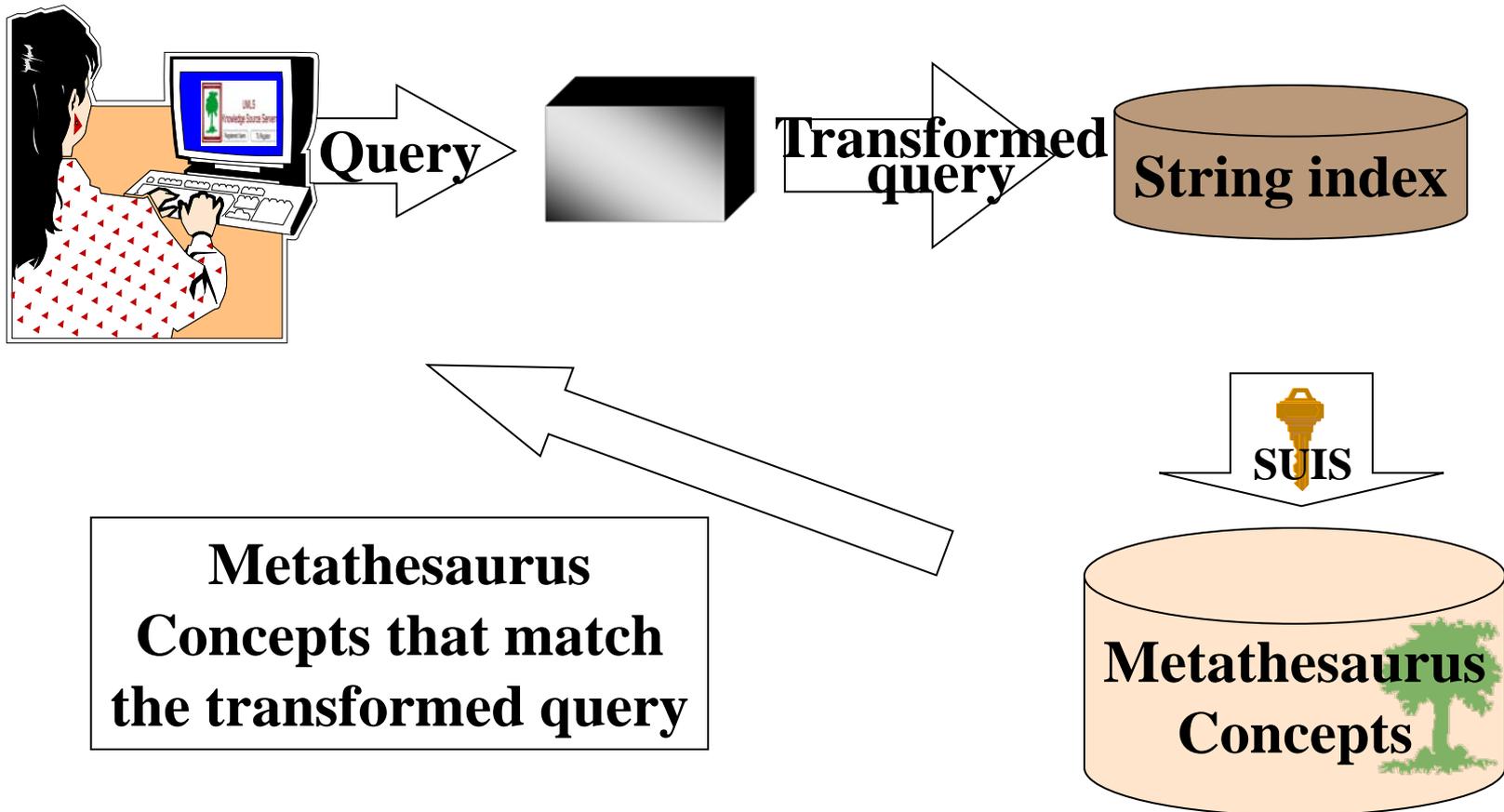
acronyms and their expansions

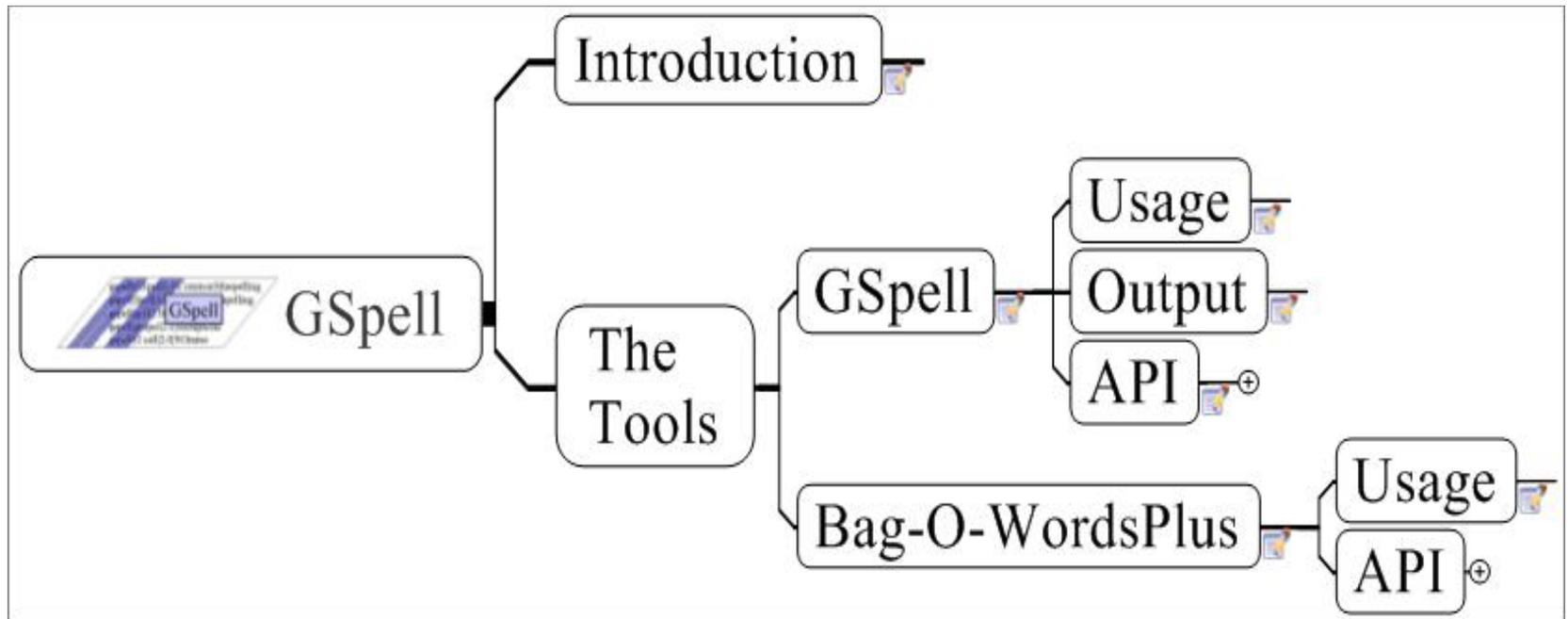
spelling variants

Building an Index Using The Lexical Tools



Building an Index Using The Lexical Tools





Gspell: Introduction

- The GSpell program is a spelling suggestion tool that uses a mix of algorithms to retrieve close neighbors. This application is best suited to applications that index at the word or term level of tokenization.
- BagOWordsPlus is a phrase retrieval tool. This tool is useful to retrieve closest matching phrases to data such as strings from the Metathesaurus.

GSpell: Usage

Usage

GSpellFind.*[sh|bat]*

--**dictionary**=*NameOfDictionary*

[--**inputFile**=*Source*] [--**outputFile**=*target*]

[--**truncate**=*N*] [--**considerNCandidates**=*N*]

[--**maxEditDistance**=*N*]

GSpell: Indexing

Usage

GSpellIndex.*[sh|bat]*

--dictionary=*NameOfDictionary*

--inputFile=*SourceFile*

[--reportTime] **[--version]****[--help]**

- Format for the input file
 - One word per line

GSpell: Output

| Input Term | Suggestion | Edit Distance | Rank | Method | Message |
|------------|------------|---------------|------|--------|---------|
|------------|------------|---------------|------|--------|---------|

anonomous|**anonymous**|1.0|0.87|NGrams|
anonomous|**allonamous**|2.0|0.58|NGrams|
anonomous|**autonomous**|2.0|0.58|NGrams|
anonomous|**anadromous**|3.0|0.29|NGrams|
anonomous|**analogous**|3.0|0.29|NGrams|
anonomous|**anomalous**|3.0|0.29|NGrams|
anonomous|**anonymously**|3.0|0.29|NGrams|
anonomous|**anonymes**|3.0|0.29|Metaphone|
anonomous|**anonyms**|3.0|0.29|Metaphone|
anonomous|**acoprous**|4.0|0.11|NGrams|

GSpell: API

```
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.gspell.GSpell;    // <-----These come from the gspell.jar
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.gspell.Candidate;

GSpell gspell = new GSpell( _dictionaryName,
                           GSpell.READ_ONLY );
Vector candidates = gspell.find( aTerm );
if ( candidates != null )
    for ( int i = 0; i < candidates.length; i++ )
        System.out.println(candidates[i].toString());
else
    System.out.println("No Suggestions");

gspell.cleanup();
```

BagOWordsPlus: Usage

Usage

BagOWordsPlusFind.*[sh|bat]*

--dictionary=*NameOfDictionary*

[--inputFile=*Source*] **[--outputFile**=*target*]

[--truncate=*N*] **[--considerNCandidates**=*N*]

[--maxEditDistance=*N*]

BagOWordsPlus: Indexing

Usage

BagOWordsPlusIndex.*[sh|bat]*

--dictionary=*NameOfDictionary*

--inputFile=*SourceFile*

[--reportTime] **[--version]****[--help]**

- Format for the input file
 - One phrase per line

BagOWordsPlus: Output

| Input Term | Suggestion | Edit Distance |
|------------|------------|---------------|
|------------|------------|---------------|

sleep|sleep|0.0

sleep|S-sleep|2.0

sleep|S sleep|2.0

sleep|REM sleep|4.0

sleep|deep sleep|5.0

BagOWordsPlus: API

```
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.gspell.BagOWordsPlus; // <-----These come from the gspell.jar
import gov.nih.nlm.nls.gspell.Candidate;

BagOWordsPlus ir = new BagOWordsPlus( args );
Vector candidates = ir.get( aTerm );
if ( candidates != null )
    for ( int i = 0; i < candidates.length; i++ )
        System.out.println(candidates[i].toString());
else
    System.out.println("No Suggestions");

ir.cleanup();
```

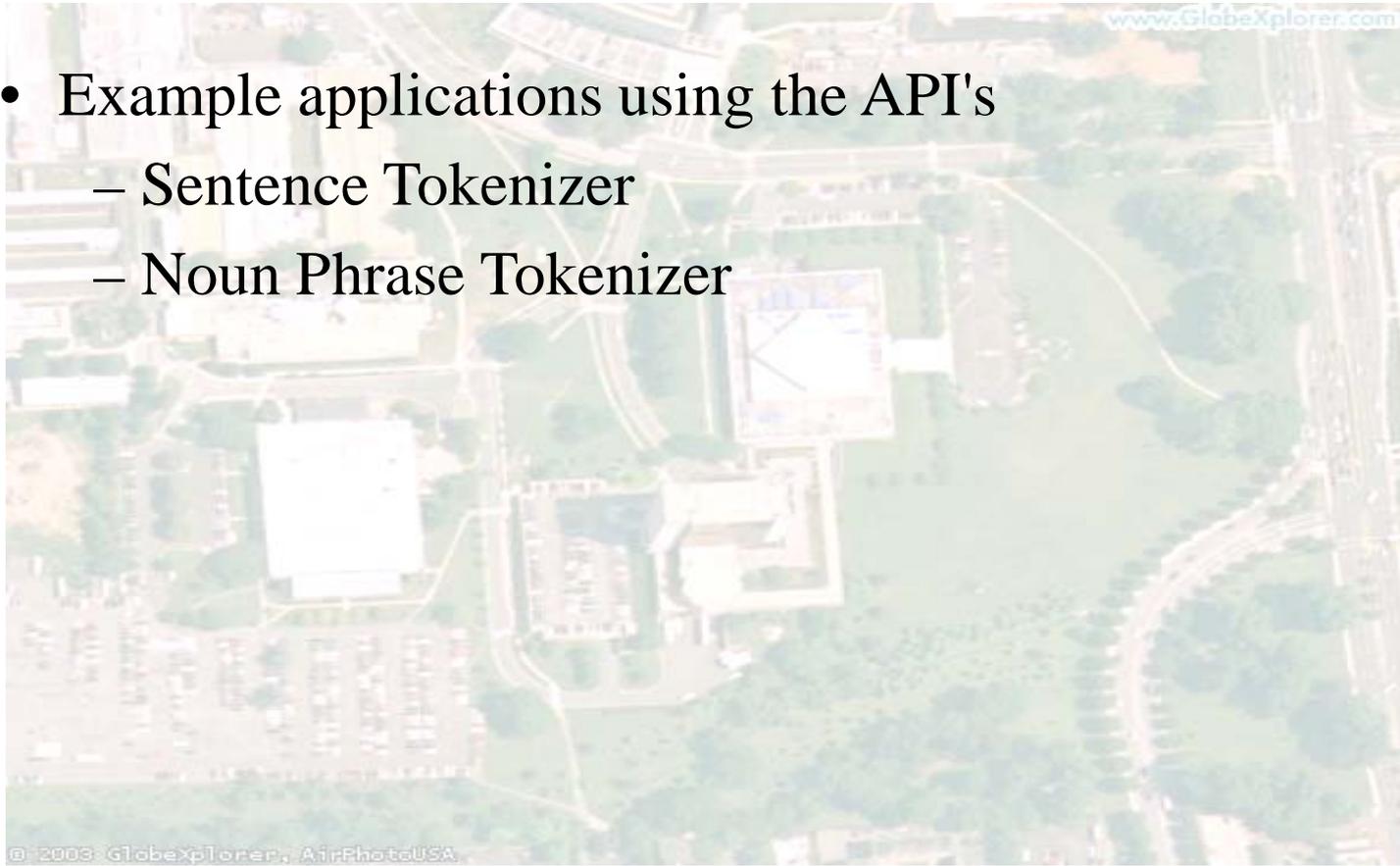
SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Table of Contents

- Logical/physical views of the functionalities
- The tools as stand-alone applications
 - Command line options
 - Example output
- API functionalities
 - The model of a document
 - Parts list
 - Structure
 - Details: Lexical Element
 - Details: Token

Table of Contents

- Example applications using the API's
 - Sentence Tokenizer
 - Noun Phrase Tokenizer



Introduction: Logical View

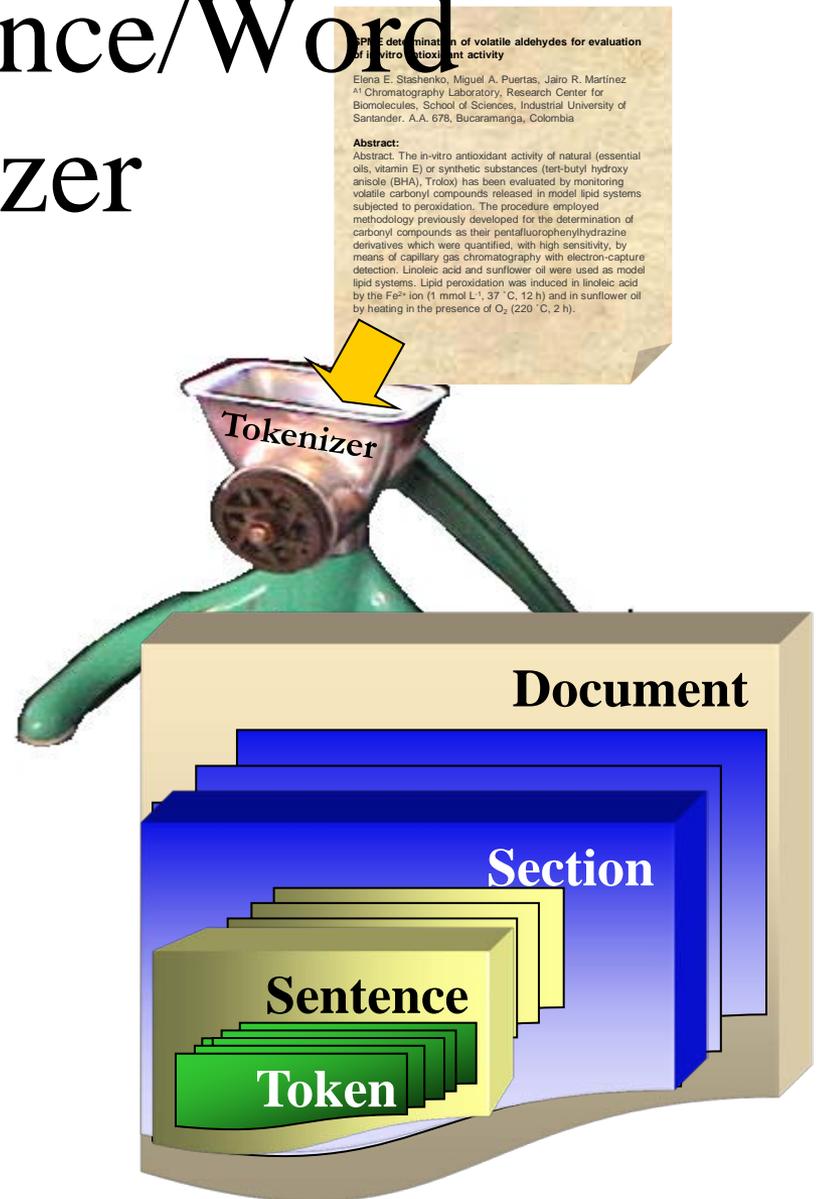
- Word Tokenizer
- Term Tokenizer
- Phrase Tokenizer
- Sentence Tokenizer
- Section Tokenizer

Introduction: Physical View

- Section/Sentence/Word Tokenizer
- Term Tokenizer
 - a.k.a lexical lookup, term recognizer
- Phrase Tokenizer
 - a.k.a phrase chunker, noun phrase extractor, parser

Section/Sentence/Word Tokenizer

- Tokenizes text into
 - Sections (paragraphs)
 - Sentences
 - Tokens



SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Tokenizer

Usage

tokenize.*[bat|sh]* [*Options*]

--fileName=*fileName*

--outputFileName=*fileName*

--inputType=[*freeText|medlineCitations*]

--sections

--sentences

--tokens

--pipedOutput

--indicate_citation_end

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Tokenizer

```
tokenize.bat --inputFile=5.txt --inputType=freeText --sentences --tokens  
--pipedOutput
```

Sentence|1|97|182|But those follow-up tests have been inconclusive, state
and federal officials said.

Token|16|97|99|0|0|**But**|||

Token|17|101|105|1|0|**those**|||

Token|18|108|113|2|0|**follow**|||

Token|19|114|114|2|0|-|||

Token|20|115|116|3|0|**up**|||

Token|21|118|122|4|0|**tests**|||

Token|22|124|127|5|0|**have**|||

Token|23|129|132|6|0|**been**|||

Token|24|134|145|7|0|**inconclusive**|||

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Tokenizer

```
// =====+ Create a TokenizeAPI object +=  
TokenizeAPI tokenizer = new TokenizeAPI ( argv );  
// =====+ Tokenize the file +=  
Document aDocument =  
    tokenizer. processDocument( aFile );  
Vector      tokens = aDocument. getTokens() ;  
int numberOfTokens = tokens. size();  
Token      aToken = null ;  
// =====+ Print the tokens out +=  
for ( int i = 0; i < numberOfTokens; i++ ) {  
    aToken = (Token) tokens. get(i);  
    System.out.println( aToken. toPipedString() );  
}
```

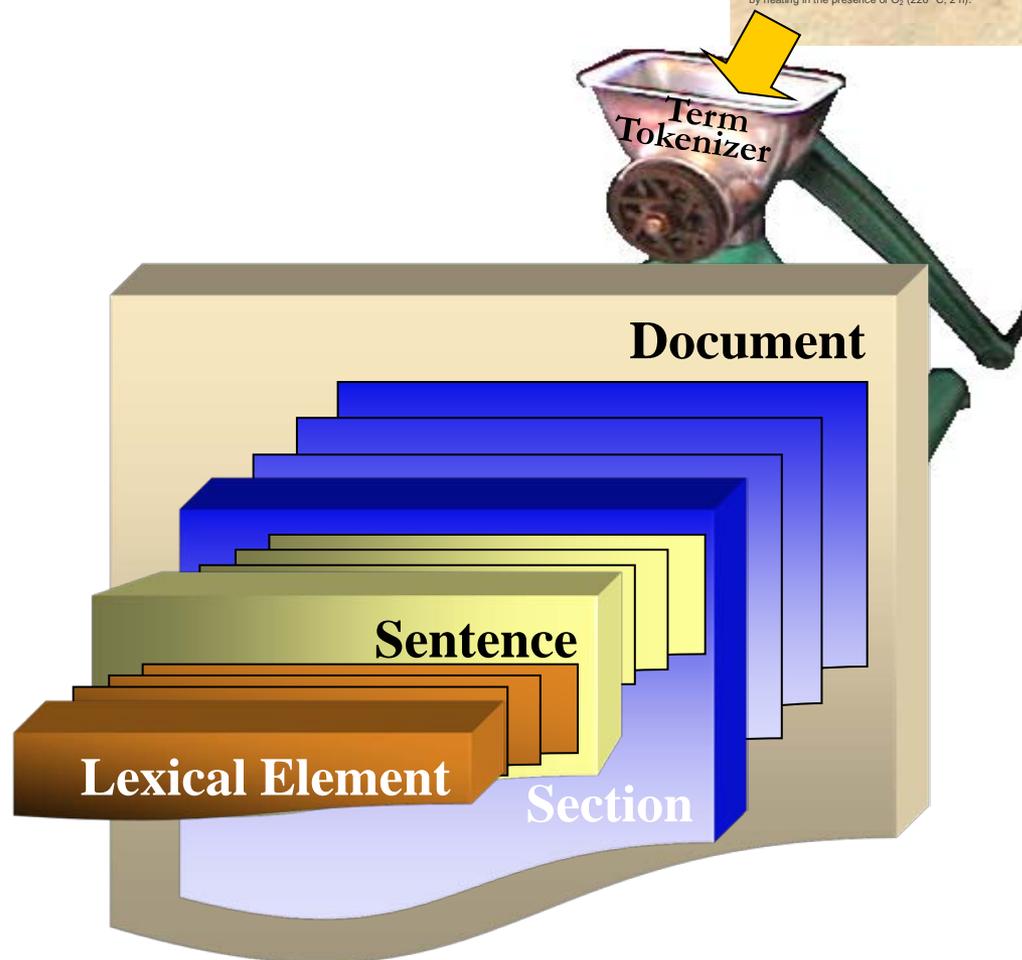
SPECIALIST NLP Tools

Term Tokenizer

- Chunks tokens into

terms

- From SPECIALIST Lexicon
- From regular expressions



Specific determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Enina E. Plasencia, Mónica A. Ojeda, Jairo R. Martínez
Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules, School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander, A.A. 678, Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract: The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹; 37 °C; 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C; 2 h).

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Term Tokenizer

Usage

LexicalLookup.*[bat|sh]* [*Options*]

--**fileName**=*fileName*

--**outputFileName**=*fileName*

--**inputType**=[*freeText|HTML|medlineCitations*]

--**sections**

--**sentences**

--**lexicalElements**

--**lexicalEntries**

--**tokens**

--**pipedReader**

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Term Tokenizer

```
LexicalLookup.bat --inputFile=5.txt --inputType=freeText  
--lexicalElements --lexicalEntries --pipedOutput
```

Lexical Element|12|SHAPE:Unlabeled|unknown|**Richmond**|67|74

Lexical Element|13|LEXICON|prep|**for**|76|78

Lexical Element|14|LEXICON|adj|**further**|80|86

Lexical Element|15|LEXICON|verb|**testing**|88|94

Lexical Element |16|PUNCTUATION|punctuation|.|95|95

Lexical Element |17|LEXICON|prep|**But**|97|99

Lexical Element |18|LEXICON|det|**those**|101|105

Lexical Element |20|LEXICON|adj|**follow-up**|108|116

Lexical Element |23|LEXICON|noun|**tests**|118|122

Lexical Element |24|LEXICON|aux|**have**|124|127

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Term Tokenizer

```
LexicalLookup.bat --inputFile=5.txt --inputType=freeText  
--lexicalElements --lexicalEntries --pipedOutput
```

Lexical Element|17|LEXICON|prep|But|97|99

LexicalEntry|but|conj|base|E0014465

LexicalEntry|but|prep|base|E0014464

Lexical Element|18|LEXICON|det|those|101|105

LexicalEntry|those|det|plural|E0060728

LexicalEntry|those|pron|base|E0060729

Lexical Element|20|LEXICON|adj|follow-up|108|116

LexicalEntry|follow-up|adj|base|E0028422

Lexical Element|23|LEXICON|noun|tests|118|122

LexicalEntry|tests|verb|pres3s|E0060349

LexicalEntry|tests|noun|plural|E0060348

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

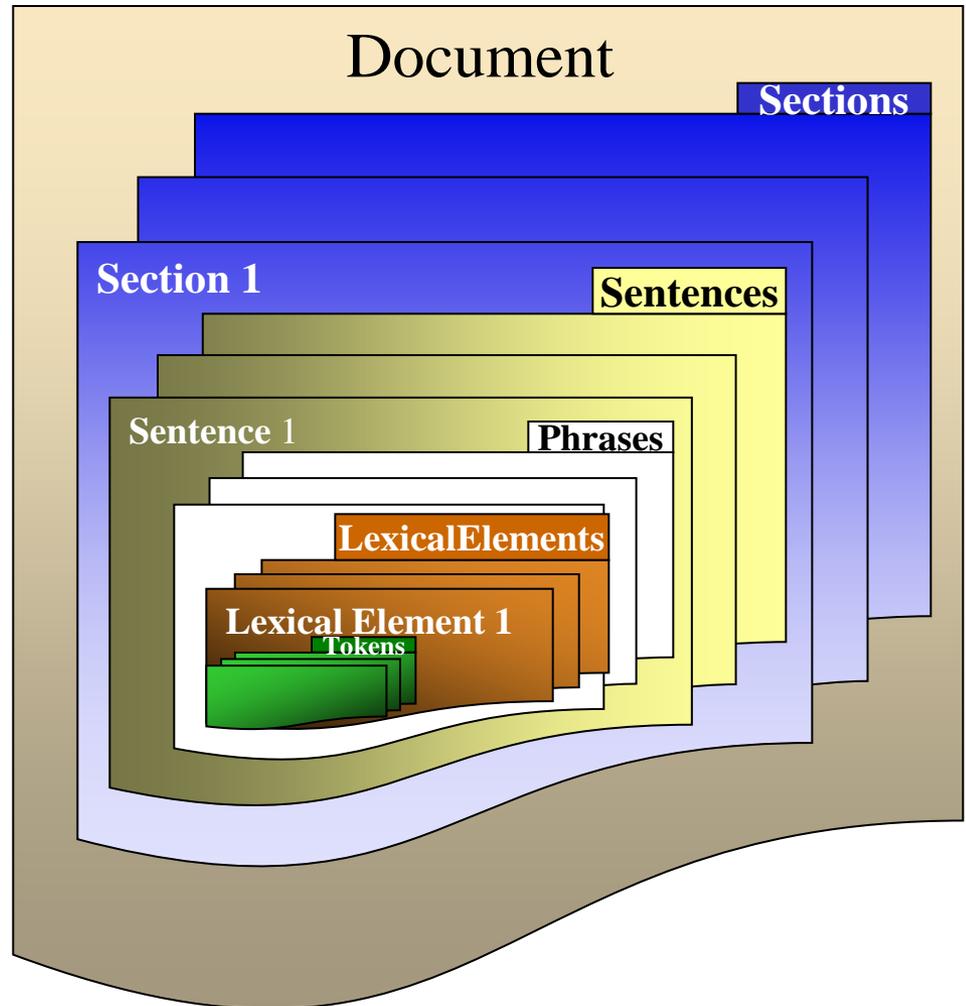
Term Tokenizer

```
// =====+ Create a LexicalLookupAPI object +=  
LexicalLookupAPI look = new LexicalLookupAPI (argv);  
// =====+ Chunk the file +=  
Document aDocument = look. processDocument ( aFile );  
  
Vector les = aDocument. getLexicalElements ();  
int numberOfLexElements = les. size ();  
LexicalElement aLexElement = null;  
// =====+ Print the LexicalElements out +=  
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfLexElements; i++ ) {  
    aLexElement = (LexicalElement) les. get (i);  
    System. out. println (aLexElement. toPipedString ());  
}
```

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Phrase Tokenizer

- Chunks sentences into simple phrases



SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Phrase Tokenizer

Usage

npParser.[*bat|sh*] [*Options*]

--**fileName**=*fileName*

--**outputFileName**=*fileName*

--**inputType**=[*freeText|HTML|medlineCitations*]

--**sections**

--**sentences**

--**phrases**|--**nps**|--**mincoMan**

--**lexicalElements**

--**lexicalEntries**

--**tokens**

--**pipedReader**

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

Phrase Tokenizer

```
npParser.bat --inputFile=5.txt --inputType=freeText --phrases  
--pipedOutput
```

Phrase|0|0|10|**The company**|*company*

Phrase|1|12|14|**has**|

Phrase|2|16|24|**forwarded**|

Phrase|3|26|39|**some materials**|*materials*

Phrase|4|41|62|**to a state laboratory**|*state laboratory*

Phrase|5|64|74|**in Richmond**|*Richmond*

Phrase|6|76|86|**for further**|*further*

Phrase|7|88|94|**testing**|

SPECIALIST NLP Tools:

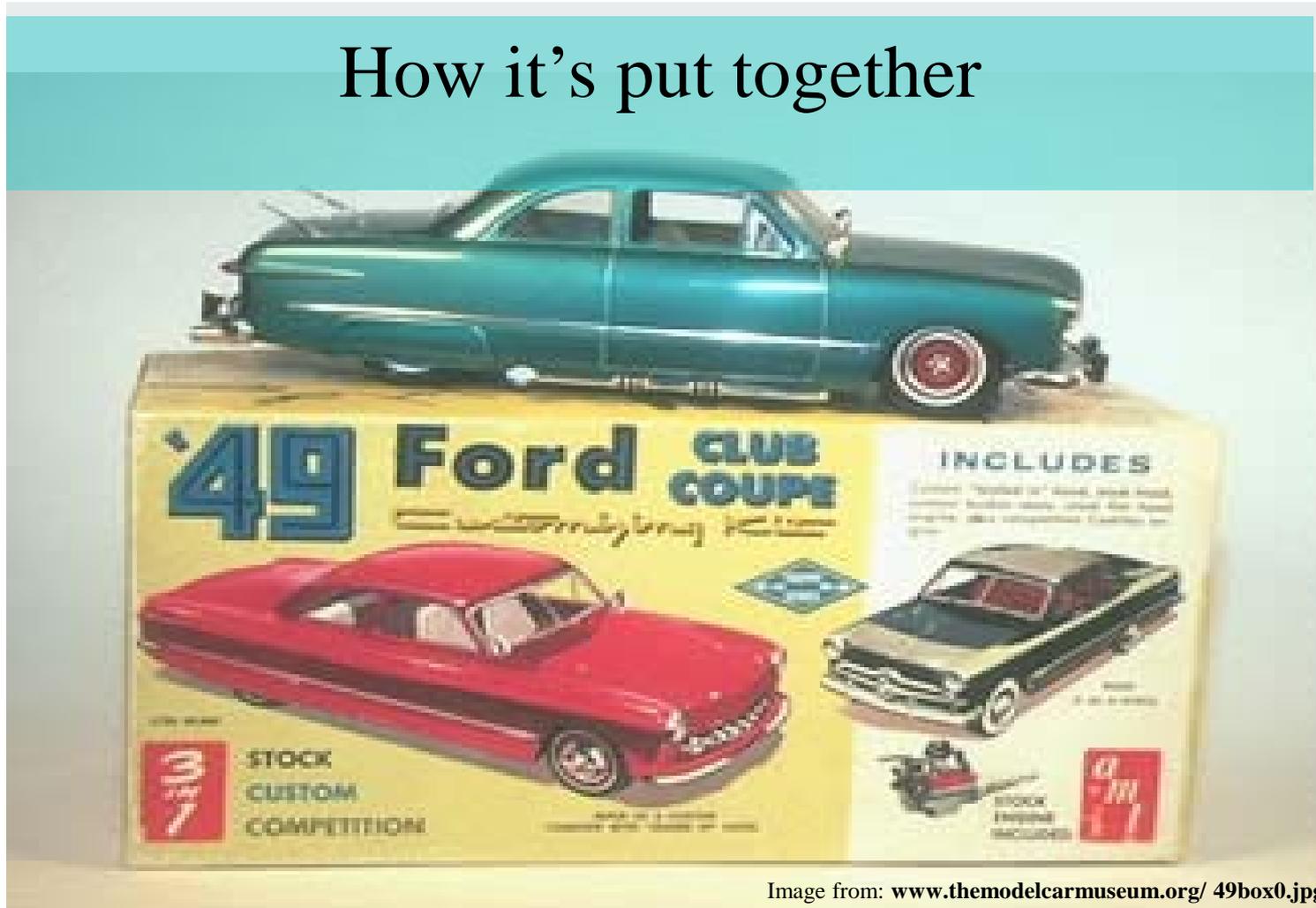
Phrase Tokenizer

```
// =====+ Create a Parser object +==
Parser parser = new Parser( argv );
// =====+ Parse the file +==
Document aDocument = parser.processDocument(aFile);

Vector      phrases = aDocument.getPhrase() ;
Int numberOfPhrases = phrases.size();
Phrase      aPhrase = null;
// =====+ Print the Phrases out +==
for ( int i = 0; i < numberOfPhrases; i++ ) {
    aPhrase = (Phrase) phrases.get(i);
    System.out.println( aPhrase.toPipedString() );
}
```

Document: A Model

How it's put together



Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries

SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

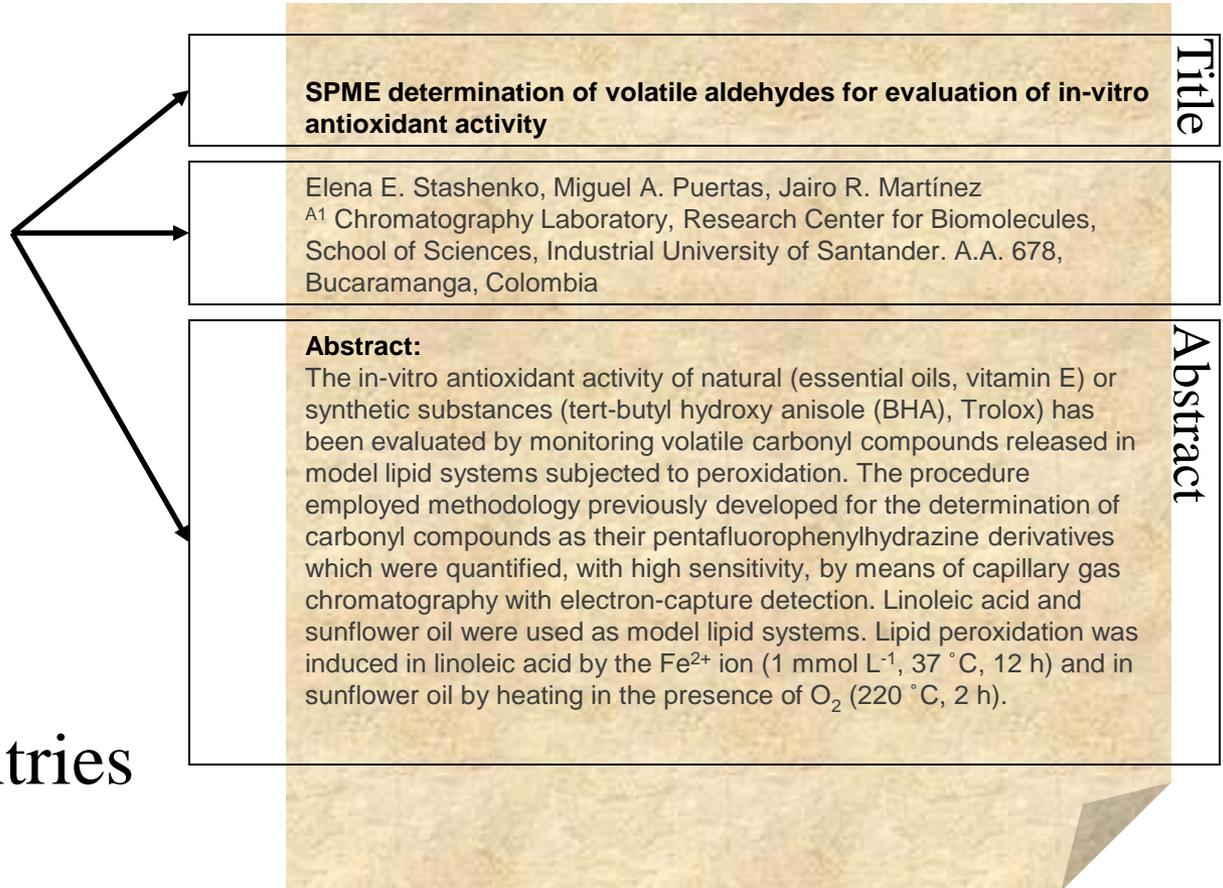
Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

Abstract. The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹, 37 °C, 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C, 2 h).

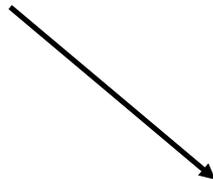
Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries



Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries



SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹, 37 °C, 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C, 2 h).

Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
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- Words
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A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentaffluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹, 37 °C, 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C, 2 h).

Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
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SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

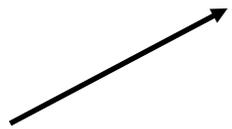
Abstract:

The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (e.g. butyl hydroxyanisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbon compounds released in (node, pit) systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatograph with electro-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as (node, pit) systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the e^{-} (10^{-11} mol/L, 30 °C, 120 min) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O_2 (220 °C, 20 min).

single word term
Multi-word term

Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries



SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

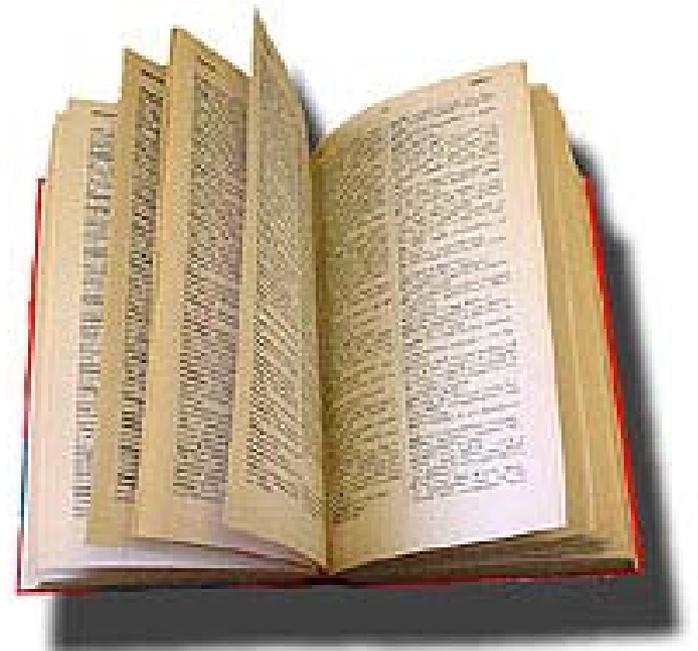
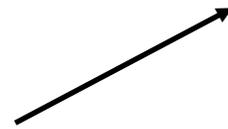
Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

An antioxidant activity evaluation of essential amino acids or other substances, such as proline, L-HA, etc., has been evaluated by monitoring volatile compound releases in model systems subjected to zero headspace procedures employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentaffluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified with high sensitivity by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the reaction with Cu(II) (2.5) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C).

Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries



Specialist Lexicon

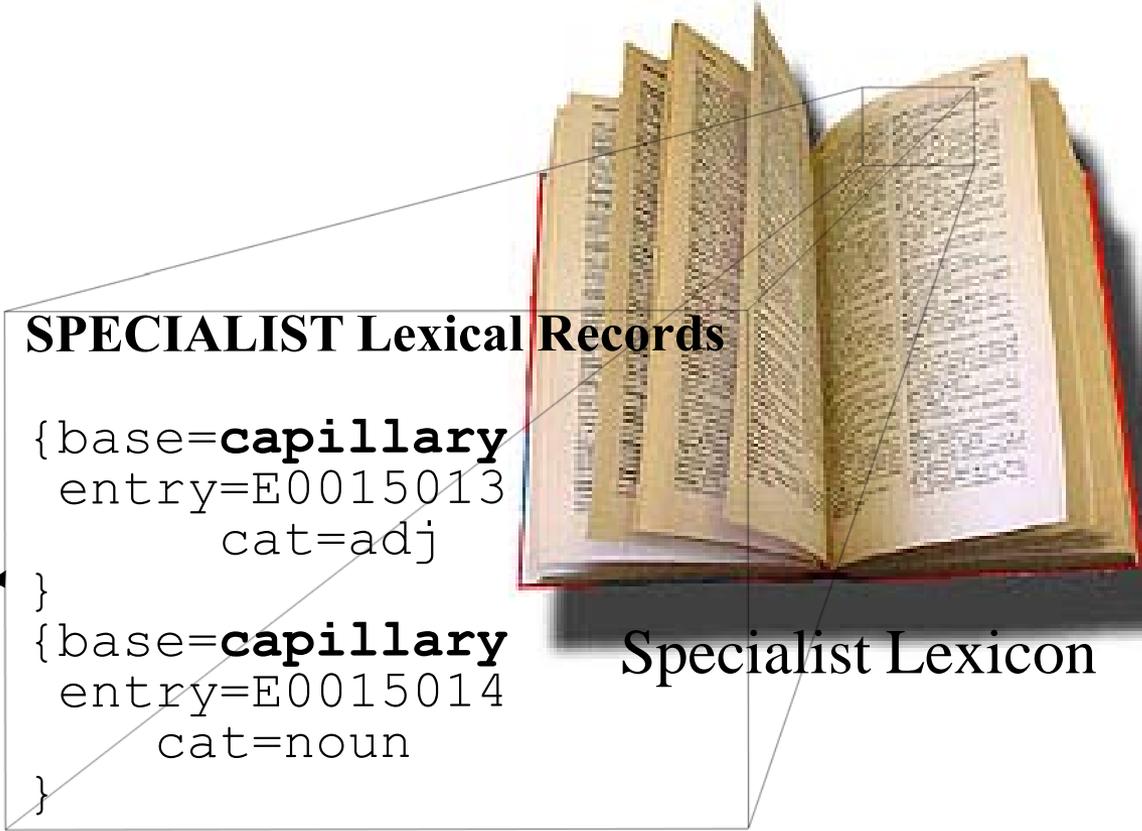
Document Model: Parts List

- Sections
- Sentences
- Phrases
- Terms
- Words
- Lexicon Entries

SPECIALIST Lexical Records

```
{base=capillary  
entry=E0015013  
cat=adj  
}  
{base=capillary  
entry=E0015014  
cat=noun  
}
```

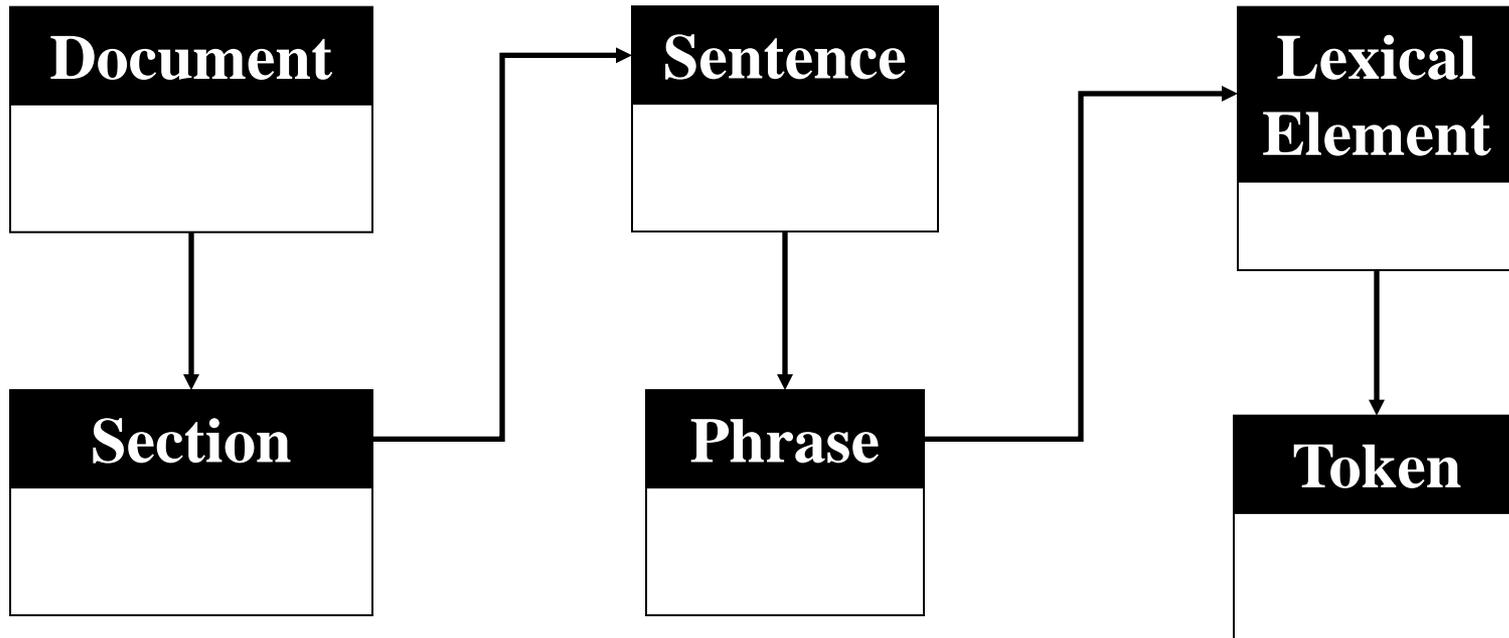
Specialist Lexicon



Document Model: Structure

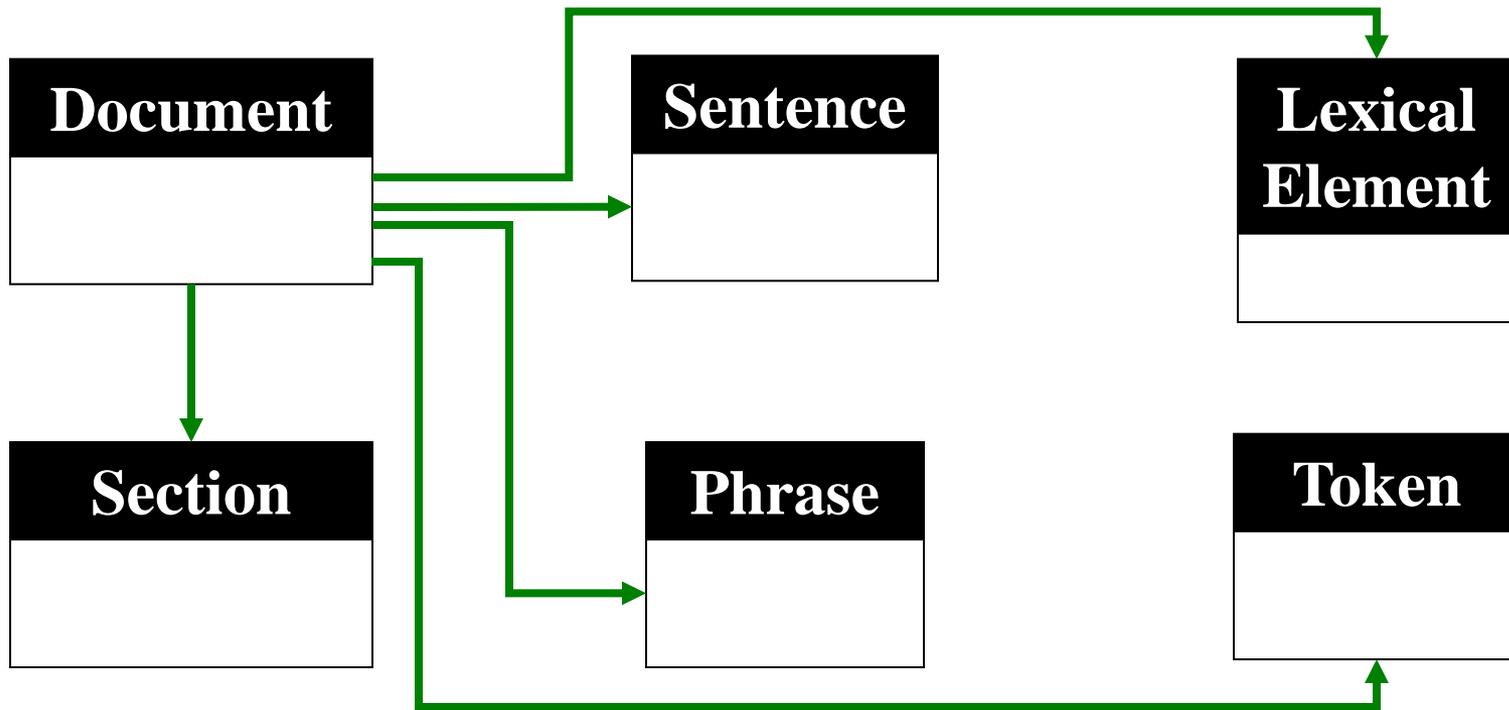


Document Model: Structure



One to Many
Relationship
→

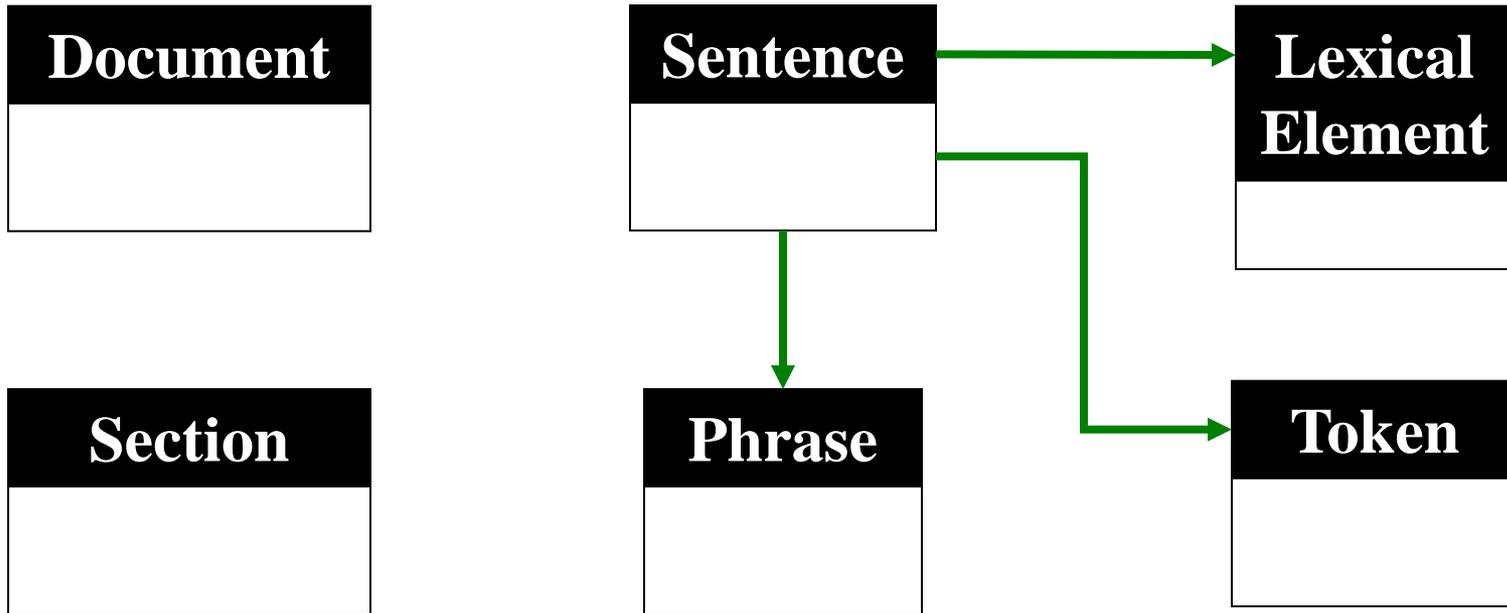
Document Model: Structure



One to Many
Relationship



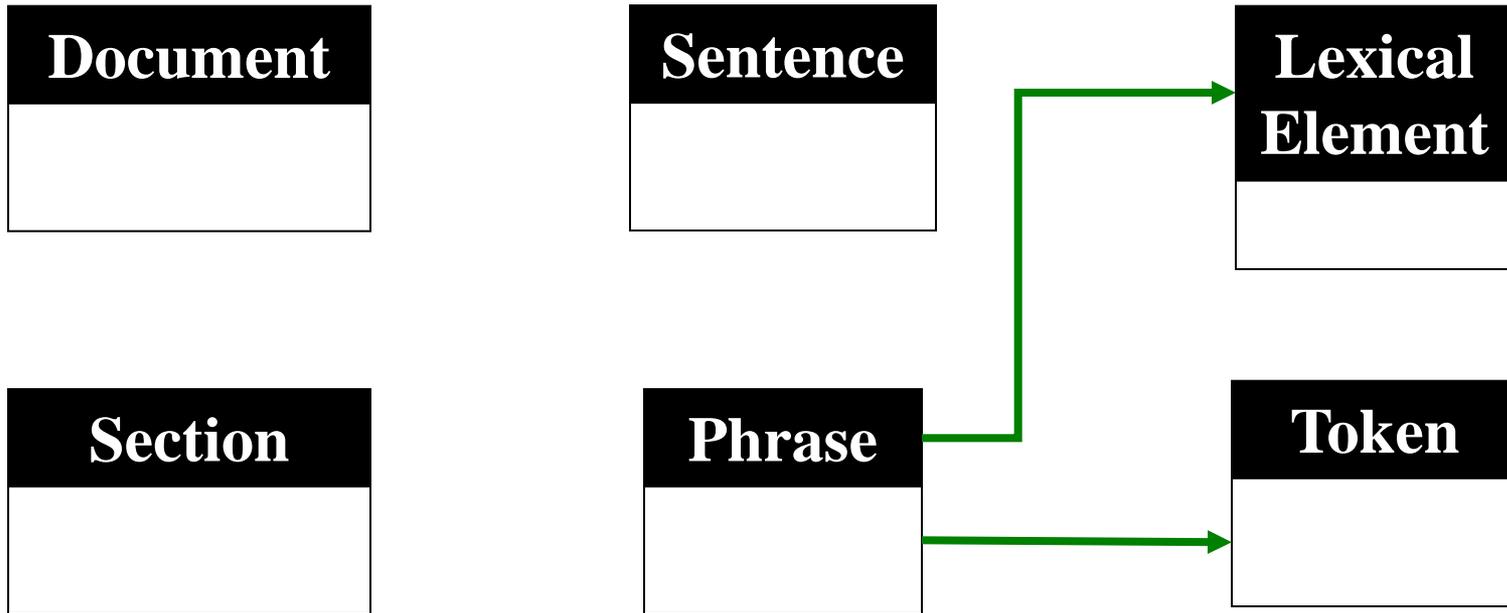
Document Model: Structure



One to Many
Relationship



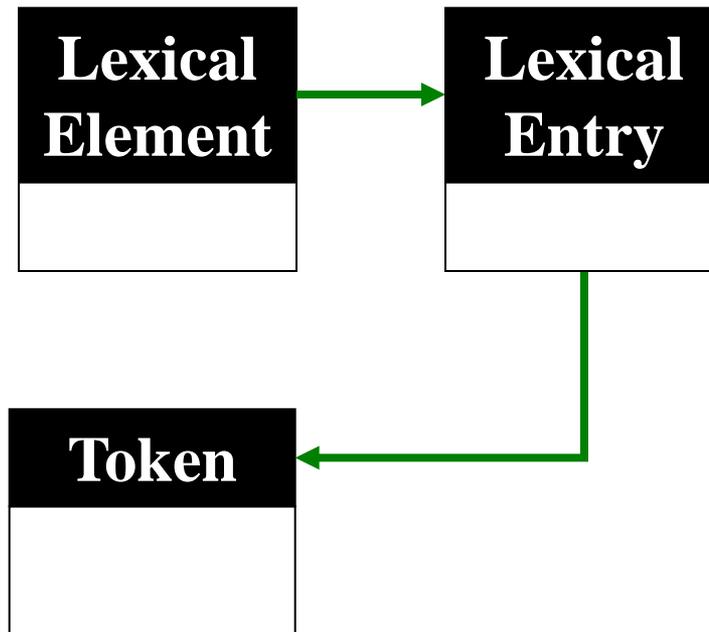
Document Model: Structure



One to Many
Relationship



Document Model: Structure



One to Many
Relationship



Document Model: Lexical Element

SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules,
School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678,
Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

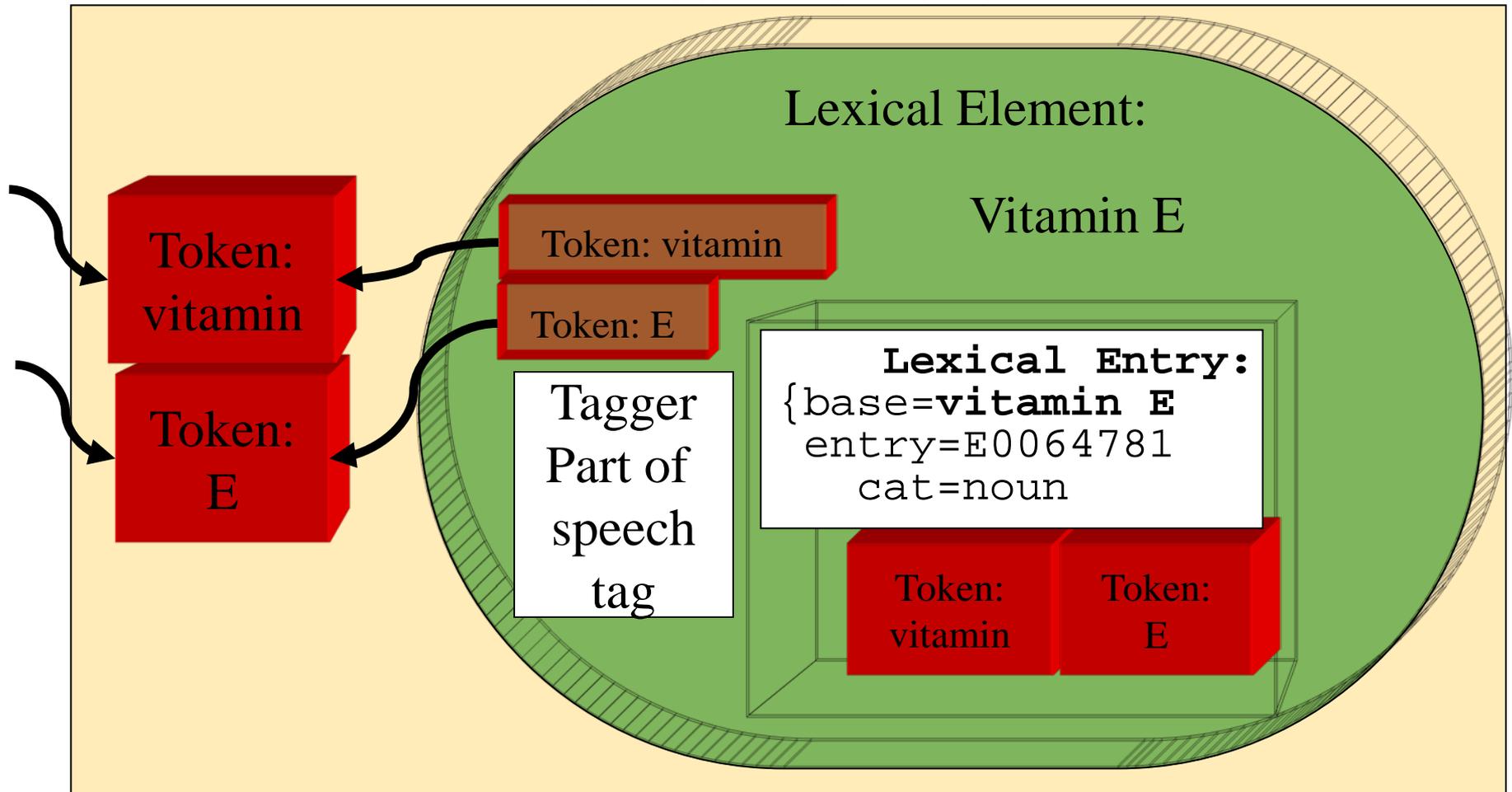
The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural essential oils (rosemary, oregano, and thyme) and synthetic substances (butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA)) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbon compounds in model oil systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed (methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives) which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary chromatography with electron capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model oil systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the reaction of cumyl hydroperoxide and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O_2 at 220 °C for 20 h.

vitamin E

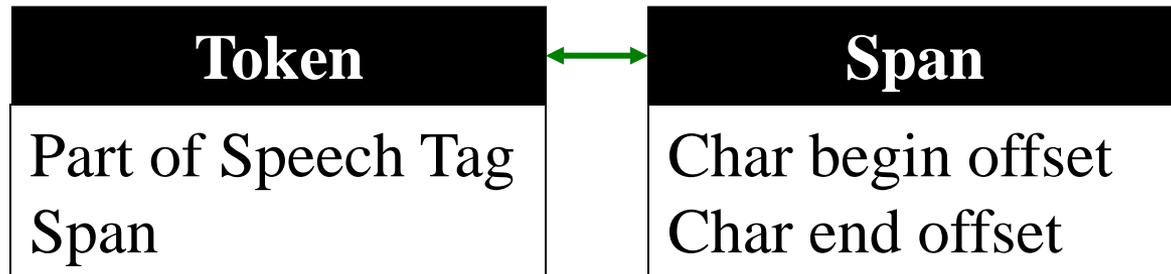
single-word term

Multi-word term

Document Model: Lexical Element



Document Model: Token



Document Model: Phrase

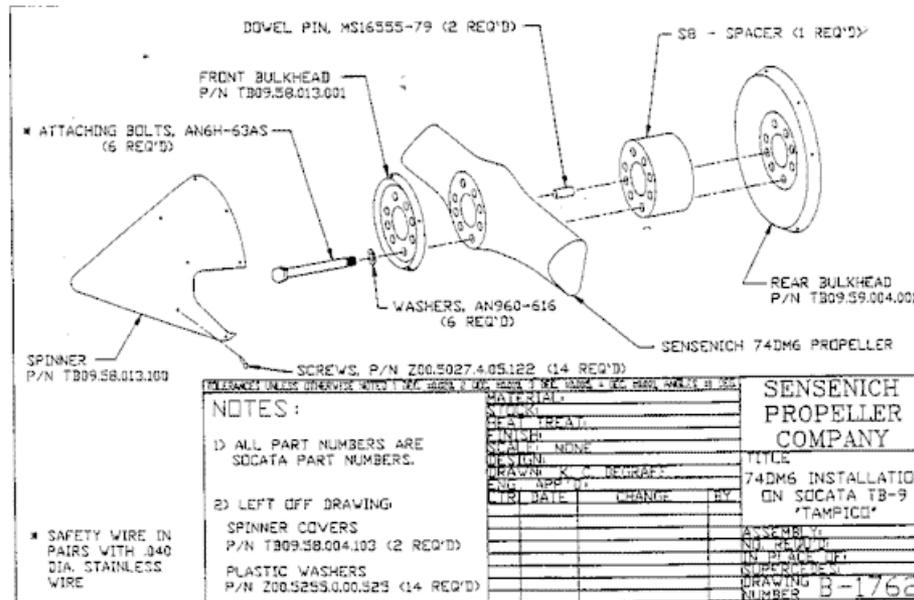
Phrase

```
String displayTags()
String displayVariants()
List getAllVariants()
UMLS_ConceptPointer getConceptPointer()
UMLS_ConceptPointer[] getConcepts()
List getDerivedPhrases()
ArrayList getFinalMappings()
List getLexicalElements()
List getNp()
String getNpString()
List getNpTokens()
String getOriginalString()
```

Phrase (cont.)

```
int getPhrasePosition()
int getSizeOfPhrase()
String getTrimmedString()
boolean isOfPhrase()
boolean isPrepPhrase()
String toMincoManString()
String toMoString()
String toPipedString()
String toString()
String toSyntaxString()
```

Assembly Instructions



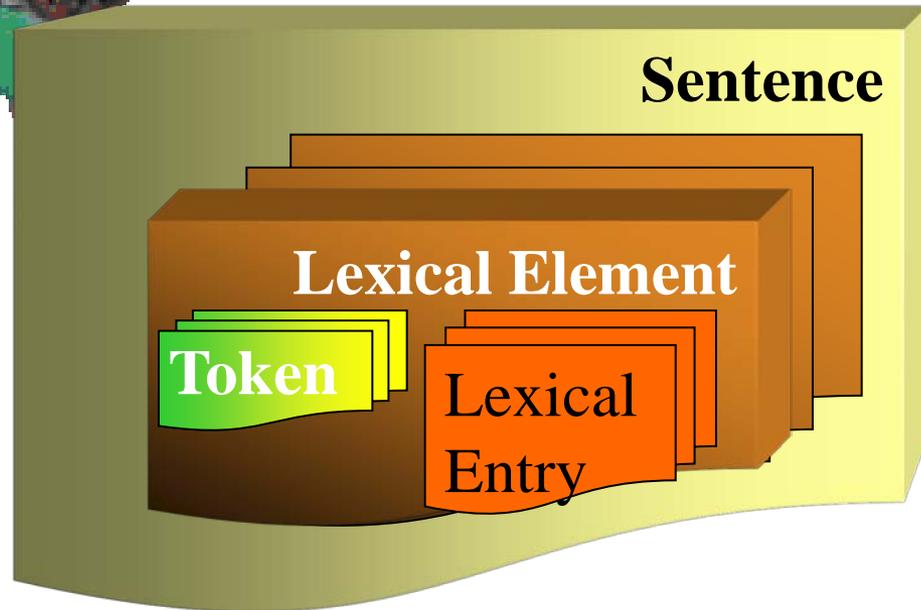
Term Tokenizer

SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules, School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander, A.A. 678, Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

Abstract. The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹, 37 °C, 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C, 2 h).



Phrase Tokenizer

SPME determination of volatile aldehydes for evaluation of in-vitro antioxidant activity

Elena E. Stashenko, Miguel A. Puertas, Jairo R. Martínez
A1 Chromatography Laboratory, Research Center for Biomolecules, School of Sciences, Industrial University of Santander. A.A. 678, Bucaramanga, Colombia

Abstract:

Abstract. The in-vitro antioxidant activity of natural (essential oils, vitamin E) or synthetic substances (tert-butyl hydroxy anisole (BHA), Trolox) has been evaluated by monitoring volatile carbonyl compounds released in model lipid systems subjected to peroxidation. The procedure employed methodology previously developed for the determination of carbonyl compounds as their pentafluorophenylhydrazine derivatives which were quantified, with high sensitivity, by means of capillary gas chromatography with electron-capture detection. Linoleic acid and sunflower oil were used as model lipid systems. Lipid peroxidation was induced in linoleic acid by the Fe²⁺ ion (1 mmol L⁻¹, 37 °C, 12 h) and in sunflower oil by heating in the presence of O₂ (220 °C, 2 h).

